A STUDY OF THE IMPACT OF CRUDE OIL PRICES ON THE INDIAN ECONOMY

A Dissertation submitted in

Partial Fulfilment of the

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CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that the dissertation entitled "A Study of the Impact of Crude oil prices on the Indian economy" is the project work carried out by the students of *Sri Guru Nanak Dev Khalsa College, University of Delhi.* This report has not been submitted to any other College/Institute for the award of any Degree/Diploma.

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Economic development around the world has seen an upsurge in the demand for energy. Twothirds of India's energy demand consists of crude oil and coal. Nearly eighty percent of crude oil requirements of India are fulfilled through imports.

In the research undertaken, the focus is on finding the relationship between the crude oil prices and the Wholesale Price Index. The various tests conducted on the data collected have shown that there indeed exists a positive relationship between the crude oil prices and WPI. One percent increase in the crude oil price does lead to 0.57 percent increase in the WPI of the commodity.

Along with this, a second model has also been studied which included the impact of inflation rate on the GDP growth rate of India. Quarter-wise data of past five years has been recorded and the relationship between the two variables has been conveniently established. There exists a positive relationship between inflation rate and GDP growth rate implying that they are positively correlated. One percent increase in the inflation rate leads to 0.3001 increase in the GDP growth rate.

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INTRODUCTION

Energy is the prerequisite for sustaining economic growth of a country and vital for the sustenance of a modern economy. For any developing economy, an effective strategy for the energy sector is an important element of its overall economic strategy.

With rapid economic development, there has been a rampant increase in the energy demand in the country. Crude oil and coal account for nearly two thirds for the total energy demand in India.

Crude oil, often called 'Black Gold' is naturally occurring unrefined petroleum products consists of hydrocarbon deposits and other organic materials. Crude oil is refined and processed into other products such as gasoline, diesel and different forms of petrochemicals.

Today, India has become the fourth largest consumer of oil in the world. India meets majority of its oil demand, nearly eighty percent through imports and therefore, any fluctuation in the global market has a disproportionate impact on the macro-economic variables which highlights the economy's performance.

The oil and gas industry is one of India's six core industries. India is the fourth largest consumer of crude oil and petroleum products in the world. In 2013, only US, China, and Japan were ahead of India in the import of these products. It's a net importer of crude oil. India's import dependency is almost 80%. In the context of domestic consumption, it requires imports of almost 77% of demand.

Element	Weight	Hydrocarbon	Weight
Carbon	83-87%	Paraffins	30%
Hydrogen	10 - 14%	Naphthenes	49%
Nitrogen	0.1-2%	Aromatics	15%
Oxygen	0.1-1.5%	Asphaltics	6%
Sulphur	0.5-6%		
Metals	<0.1%		

Composition of Crude Oil:

The hydrocarbon weight % values are averages.

The exports of Crude Oil in India in 2015 are as follows:

Month (2015)	Imports of Crude Oil (in Million Tonne)
January	17.56
February	12.99
March	16.49
April	15.53
May	17.45
June	15.62
July	17.73
August	17.23
Setember	15.79
October	15.57
November	16.51
December	17.97

Indian Imports of Crude Oil (Country-wise)



CRUDE OIL

Impact of falling Crude Oil prices on India :-

1. Current Account Deficit

India largely relies on oil imports in order to satisfy its crude oil needs be it crude petroleum or mineral oils. Almost 80 percent of its oil needs are met by imports which accounts for about one third of India's total imports. The fall in the price of crude oil significantly affect India since it drives down the value of its imports. In turn it leads to reduction in the Current Account deficit which accounts for the money India owes to the world in foreign currency. As per the report in Livemint, "A fall in oil prices by \$10 helps reduce the current account deficit by \$9.2 billion" which is nearly equal to 0.43 percent of the Gross Domestic Product of the country.

2. Inflation

Oil is a core commodity and any fluctuation in its price affects the whole economy of the country. It has various uses including its use in the transportation of goods and services. Therefore, any change in the price of crude oil has a direct and significant impact on the prices of goods and services. Economy as a whole is impacted when petrol and diesel prices rises as it further leads to a rise in inflation. A very high inflation is extremely dangerous for any country's country. The fall in the global crude oil price is a boom for an oil importing country such as India. According to a report in Moneycontrol, "Every \$10 barrel fall in crude oil price helps reduce retail inflation by 0.2 percent and wholesale price inflation by 0.5 percent."

3. Relationship between oil subsidy and fiscal deficit

The fuel prices are fixed by the government at a subsidized rate throughout the country. The losses suffered by the companies due to selling the fuel at lower rates are compensated by the government. These losses are called the under-recoveries. Falling oil prices helps in reducing the fiscal deficit by reducing the losses suffered by the company and reducing the oil subsidy.

However, due to the recent deregulation of diesel prices, the fall in the oil prices might not affect government's fiscal deficit significantly. Also, the government is bound to pay the previous under-recoveries. The gains from the present situation will be offset by the previous incurred amounts.

4. Rupee Exchange Rate

The value of Rupee depends on the fluctuations in the currency market which impacts its demand. It relies greatly on the current account deficit. A high deficit implies more rupees to be sold in exchange of dollars to pay bill. This depreciates the value of rupee. Fall in the crude oil prices globally thus, have a positive impact on the rupee since the current account deficits are declining.

However, falling crude oil prices also strengthens the dollar which in turn negates any benefit which arises from the fall in the current account deficit.

5. Fall in Indian exports

Any rise or fall in the global crude oil prices has an impact on the exports of a country. A large number of India's trading partner countries are net exporters of oil such as Saudi Arabia, United Arab Emirates etc. A fall in the oil prices has negatively impacted the economies of these countries and as a result, the demand for the Indian export products has also fallen. This has both directly and indirectly impacted India and its companies. India is already running in trade deficit and at a time when it is imperative to have high exports and low imports, a fall in the exports is not good.

LITERATURE REVIEW

Zied Ftiti, Aviral Tiwari, Ibrahim Fatnassi (2014): Oil price and macro economy in India: An evolutionary co-spectral coherence approach (Working paper in IPAG Business School, Paris, France)

The working paper focused on determining whether a relationship is present between crude oil prices and macro economic variables such as industrial production, inflation measured by Wholesale Price Index, Trade deficit, external account sustainability and India-US exchange rate. As per the research conducted the result is that the degree of co-movement between the oil price index and the overall macroeconomic variables exhibit different patterns across the macroeconomic indicators. However, a common feature among the calculated co-movements is that they are higher in the short-term than in long-term. As economic implication, this later traduces that an oil shocks has lower long-run effect (weak persistent effect) on the India macro economy.

Pankaj Bhattacharjee (2013): A study of the impact of crude oil prices on Indian economy (Working paper in Padamshree Dr. D.Y. Patil University, Department of Business Management)

The study reveals that the crude oil prices have a significant inflationary impact on the rising whole sale price index of the Indian economy. With the tests conducted on the data collected such as the calculation of the Karl Pearson's Coefficient of Correlation, it is shown that there exists a positive relationship between the Crude oil prices and the Wholesale Price Index (WPI). Along with this, it is also established in the research that inflation extensively impacts the falling GDP of India. The study also shows that the time series data of the variables which are crude oil price change rate, inflation rate and GDP growth are constant or stationary with respect to unit root test for both Crude oil price change rate and GDP growth respectively.

The research paper also shows the steps which can be taken up by Refiners and explorers to meet the requirements of Crude oil. Certain steps which have been discussed in the research paper are that the availability of resources for sustainable development should be ensured, accessibility for resources for growth should be ensured, initiative for strategic reserve should be undertaken. Also, in terms of the corporate sector, Diversification strategy has been discussed which implies that the companies in the oil sector should diversify into becoming conglomerates delaing in Nuclear energy, Renewable energy like tidal energy, solar energy, biomass energy, wind energy through alliance or collaboration with domain expert for Green energy.

Adam Lyons, Michael Hurley, John Hawksworth, William Zimmern (2013): Shale oil: The next energy revolution, the long term impact of shale oil on the global energy sector and the economy (PwC UK)



Oil Shale Reserves in the World:

The research undertaken focused on discovering the long term impacts of the shale on the global energy sector as well as the economy. Shale oil is rapidly emerging as a significant and comparatively cheaper resource in the US. Shale oil is a highly potential resource of crude oil production to spread globally over the next few decades. If shale oil production is promoted globally, then, it is capable of providing long term energy security at a lower cost for various countries. The research analyses that the shale oil production has the potential to reach 14 billion barrels oil per day by 2035. It also visualizes the fact that the fall in the prices of oil due to exceeding supply will help boost the GDP of net oil importing countries such as India and Japan by 4-7 percent, while US, UK, the Euro zone and China might gain by 2-5 percent.

As per the research conducted, the results are "At a global level, shale oil has the potential to reshape the global economy, increasing energy security, independence and affordability in the long term. The effects of a lower oil price resonate along the entire energy value chain, and investment choices based on long-term predictions of a steady increase in real oil prices may need to be reassessed. The potential magnitude of the impact of shale oil makes it a profound force for change in energy markets and the wider global economy. It is therefore critical for companies and policy-makers to consider the strategic implications of these changes now.

OBJECTIVES OF THE RESEARCH



1. To closely monitor the change in the crude oil prices over the years.



BBC



CLJ06 - Crude Oil WTI (NYMEX)

2. The impact of crude oil prices on the Wholesale Price Index of the products.

The Wholesale Price Index is an index which is used that measures and tracks the change in price of goods which are sold in bulk at a wholesale level, i.e., they are traded between the organizations rather than individuals. Wholesale Price Index is an important measure of inflation in various economies.

In the research project undertaken, the Wholesale Price Index is taken up for the sum of the commodities such as the crude petroleum and mineral oils. The mineral oil category consists of LPG, petrol, kerosene, aviation turbine fuel, high speed diesel, bitumen, furnace oil and lubricants.

3. The impact of inflation on the GDP growth rate of India.

Gross domestic Product (GDP) refers to the monetary value of all finished goods and services produced in the domestic territories of a country over a period of time be it quarterly or on yearly basis. GDP of a country is an important indicator of the health of the country.

In the research project undertaken, the Gross Domestic Product Growth rate is taken on a quarterly basis.

VARIABLES OF STUDY

Model 1:

- 1. <u>Independent variable</u>: Crude oil price
- 2. **Dependent variables**: Wholesale Price Index

Model 2:

- 1. Independent variable: Quarterly Inflation rate (WPI based)
- 2. **Dependent variable:** Quarterly GDP Growth Rate

HYPOTHESIS

Hypothesis 1:

Ho: Crude oil prices have no significant impact on the Wholesale Price Index of the country.

H1: Crude oil prices play a significant role in the Wholesale Price Index of the country.

Hypothesis 2:

Ho: Inflation Rate has no significant impact on the GDP Growth Rate of the country.

H1: Inflation Rate has a significant impact on the GDP Growth Rate of the country.

RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

The research undertaken has different areas of research such as econometric and analytical. These areas of research make use of secondary data. The sources of the data are the publications of various bodies such as the Ministry of Commerce and Industry, Reserve Bank of India and so on.

The various methods which will be used are:

Karl Pearson's Coefficient of Correlation:

The aim of this method is two find out the correlation between independent and dependent variables. In other words, it finds out the correlation between explanatory and response variables. It also aims to ascertain the direction of correlation, i.e., positive or negative.

Merits of Karl Pearson's Method of Correlation:

- 1. This method of Correlation determines the presence or absence of Correlation.
- 2. This method finds out the exact degree of Correlation.
- 3. This method helps in ascertaining the direction of Correlation whether positive or negative.
- 4. This method has various algebraic properties and helps in obtaining the values of other determinants such as the coefficient of correlation and so on.

Demerits of Karl Pearson's Method of Correlation:

- 1. This method is more difficult and complex to calculate in comparison to other methods.
- 2. This method gets affected by extreme values in calculation.
- 3. This method is based on various assumptions such as linear relationship, cause and effect relationship etc. which not always hold true.
- 4. In cases of homogeneous data, this can be misinterpreted.

The formula for calculating the Karl Pearson's Coefficient of Correlation is as follows:

$$r = \frac{\sum XY - \frac{\sum X \sum Y}{N}}{\sqrt{(\sum X^2 - \frac{(\sum X)^2}{N})(\sum Y^2 - \frac{(\sum Y)^2}{N})}}$$

Where,

N = Number of observations

 $\sum X =$ Sum of X variables

 $\sum Y = Sum \text{ of } Y \text{ variables}$ $\sum XY = Sum \text{ of product of paired variables}$ $\sum X^2 = Sum \text{ of } X \text{ squared variables}$ $\sum Y^2 = Sum \text{ of } Y \text{ squared variables}$

Scatter Plot

Scatter Plot is a plot which represents the values of Y to the corresponding values of X on a graph. They display how one data is affected by other data.

X Axis: The values on the X-axis represent the values of the independent variable. This variable is also called the Explanatory Variable.

Y Axis: The values on the Y-axis represent the values of the dependant variable. This variable is also called the Response Variable.

Scatter Plots are also called Scatter Charts, Scatter diagrams or Scatter Graphs.

There are different types of Scatter Plots which depict different degree of Correlation:





Two-variable Linear Regression

A model is said to be linear if the variable Y which is the response variable is a linear function of every variable X which is the explanatory variable. A model is said to be linear if each parameter involved in it is raised t the power of one only and is also not multiplied or divided by any other parameter. In other words, a linear regression model is linear in its parameters.

 $Y_t = a + bX + u_t$

Where,

- Y_t = denotes the dependant variable or response variable
- a = denotes constant quantity, i.e., the intercept on the line on Y-axis
- b = denotes the coefficient of X

X = denotes the independent variable or explanatory variable

ut = denotes the residual or error term of the model

Coefficient of Determination (\mathbb{R}^2 or R-squared)

The coefficient of determination is the statistical toll which indicates how well the data is fitted to the statistical model. The coefficient of determination is denoted by R^2 or r^2 .

 $R^2 = 1$, regression line perfectly fits the data

 $R^2 = 0$, regression line does not fit the data

 R^2 is a statistic which gives information regarding the goodness of fit of the model. The closer the value of R^2 to 1, the model is a good fit and the closer the value of R^2 to 0, the model is a bad fit.

Explained Variation in Y R² = ------Total variation in Y

Explained variation in $Y = \sum_{t=1}^{n} (Y_t - Y_t)^2$ Total variation in $Y = \sum_{t=1}^{n} (Y_t - Y_t)^2$

$$R^{2} = \frac{\Sigma^{n_{t-1}} (Y_{t}^{A} - Y)^{2}}{\Sigma^{n_{t-1}} (Y_{t} - Y)^{2}}$$

Adjusted R-squared

Adjusted R-squared is a modified version of R-squared adjusted against the number of terms present in the model. Major difference which lies between R-squared and Adjusted R-squared is that the value of R-squared increases when a new value or data is added to the model whereas, the value of Adjusted r-squared increases only if the new value or data term added improves the model than was expected by chance.

$$\bar{R}^2 = 1 - \frac{SS_{\rm res}/df_e}{SS_{\rm tot}/df_t}$$

ANOVA

ANOVA is a statistical tool which stands for Analysis of Variance which was developed by Ronald Fischer in 1918.

Total Sum of Squares (SST): It implies sum of the squared differences between actual Y and its mean E(Y)

Regression Sum of Squares (SSR): It implies the sum of squared differences between the predicted value of Y and its mean E(Y)

Error Sum of Squares (SSE): it implies the sum of squared differences between the actual Y and the predicted Y^{\wedge}

Assumptions used in ANOVA are:

- 1. The expected value of the errors is zero.
- 2. The variances of all errors are equal to each-other.
- 3. The errors in the model are independent.
- 4. The errors are normally distributed.

ANOVA type	Model and design properties
One-way	One fixed factor (levels set by investigator) which can have either an unequal (unbalanced) or equal (balanced) number of observations per treatment.
Balanced	Model may contain any number of fixed and random factors (levels are randomly selected), and crossed and nested factors, but requires a balanced design.
General linear model	Expands on Balanced ANOVAs by allowing unbalanced designs and covariates (continuous variables).

F-test

The main purpose of F-test is to compare the factors of the total deviation.

$$\label{eq:F} \begin{split} & \{(Explained \ variation) \ / \ (k-1) \} \\ & F = ------ \\ & \{(Unexplained \ variation) \ / \ (N-k) \} \end{split}$$

Where, k= number of estimated parameters, N = number of observations.

P-Value test

The probability that the value of the test statistics is at least as extreme as its computed value on the basis of the sample data under the null hypothesis is called P-value.

If P-value is greater than alpha, then the null hypothesis at alpha level of significance is rejected.

If P-value is less than alpha, then the null hypothesis at alpha level of significance is not rejected.

Durbin-Watson Test



MODEL 1:

KARL PEARSON'S REGRESSION COEFFICIENT (r):



Note: Wholesale Price Index = WPI of Crude Petroleum + WPI of Mineral oil (LPG, Petrol, kerosene, Aviation Turbine Fuel, High Speed Diesel, Bitumen, Furnace Oil, Lubricants)

(Making use of Appendix Table 1)

'r' = **0.551897**

r squared = 0.304

TIME SERIES REGRESSION EQUATION

 $Y_t = a + bX + u_t$

Where,

 Y_t = denotes the Wholesale Price Index (base year 2004-05)

a = denotes constant quantity, i.e., the intercept on the line on Y-axis

b = denotes the coefficient of X

X = denotes the Crude oil price (taken on 1st day of every month)

 u_t = denotes the residual or error term of the model

This implies that the time series regression equation which will be arrived will be in the form:

WPI = a + b*Crude oil price

SCATTER PLOT OF X AND Y :



FITTING A REGRESSION LINE:



The equation, WPI = 130.8 + 3.113 * Crude oil price, fits the relationship between the change in WPI on the change in the crude oil price. The estimated slope, "b[^]", is 3.113; that is,

TWO VARIABLE REGRESSION EQUATION

(Making use of Appendix table 2)

 $b^{*} = \{N(\Sigma XtYt) - (\Sigma Xt)(\Sigma Yt)\} \div \{N(\Sigma Xt^{2}) - (\Sigma Xt)^{2}\}$ $b^{*} = \{131^{*}(4094458.472) - (49408.1)^{*}(10362.55)\} / \{131^{*}(879484.1353) - (10362.55)^{2}\}$ $b^{*} = 3.113$ $a^{*} = Y - b^{*}X$ $a^{*} = 377.16 - (3.113 * 79.1)$ $a^{*} = 130.8 \text{ (approx)}$

Therefore, the two variable regression equation is

WPI = 130.8 + 3.113 * Crude oil price

TEST OF SIGNIFICANCE OF ESTIMATE PARAMETERS

H₀ : There is no significant relationship between WPI and the crude oil price, i.e., b = 0

H_1 : There is a significant relationship between WPI and the Crude pil prices, i.e., $b > 0 \mbox{ or } b < 0$

Variance of b = Σ (Yt – Yt^A)²/ {(N-k) Σ (Xt – X \overline{j}^2 } = Σ et²/ {(N-k) Σ (Xt – X \overline{j}^2 }

Standard error of b = SQRT (Variance of b)

(Making use of Appendix table 3)

Variance of b = Σ (Yt – Yt[^])²/ {(N-k) Σ (Xt –X \overline{j}^2 } = Σ et²/ {(N-k) Σ (Xt –X \overline{j}^2 } Variance of b = (1323012.95) / (131 – 2)* (59770.8353) = 0.171587 Standard Error of b = SQRT (Variance of b) = SQRT (0.171587) = 0.414231

Applying the "t" test,

 $t = (b^{-}b)/S.E$

t = (3.113 - 0)/0.414231 = 7.515

The degree of freedom is n-k, where n = 131 (number of observations) and k = 2 (number of parameters)

INTERPRETATION: The critical t values for different degrees of freedom can be checked in the t – table. The t test is usually performed at 5 per cent level number 129 under the degrees of freedom. When 129 degree of freedom is linked with 5 per cent level of confidence, under the column 0.05, the critical t value derived is 1.96 for the "two – tailed test". The value of t calculated in the regression analysis is 7.515. This value of t (i.e., 7.515) far exceeds the critical t value (i.e., 1.96) at the 5 per cent level of significance. Therefore, the null hypothesis that "there is no relationship between Y (WPI) and X (Crude oil price)" is rejected. The rejection of null hypothesis at 5 per cent level of significance means that there is a statistically significant relationship between Y (WPI) and X (Crude oil price). More precisely, the conclusion derived is that we are 95 per cent confident that there is a statistically significant relationship between Y (WPI) and X (Crude oil price).

TEST OF GOODNESS OF FIT: COEFFICIENT OF CORRELATION

Explained variation in $Y = \sum_{nt-1} (Y_t^{-1} - Y_t^{-1})^2$

Total variation in $Y = \sum_{nt-1} (Y_t - Y)_2$

Thus, the coefficient of determination (R^2) can be redefined in terms of the ratio of explained variation in Y and total variation in Y as

$$R^{2} = \frac{\Sigma^{n_{t-1}} (Y_{t}^{A} - Y_{t})^{2}}{\Sigma^{n_{t-1}} (Y_{t} - Y_{t})^{2}}$$

(Making use of Appendix table 4)

$$R^2 = 579227 / 1902495 = 0.304$$

r = SQRT (R2) = SQRT (0.304) = 0.55136

ANALYSIS OF VARIANCE (ANOVA)

 $F = \frac{\{(Explained variation) / (k - 1)\}}{\{(Unexplained variation)/(N - k)\}}$

Where k= number of estimated parameters, N = number of observations.

The F – statistics can also be calculated by the following formula,

$$F = \frac{R^{2}/(k-1)}{(1 - R^{2})/(N-k)}$$

$$F = \frac{(0.304)/(2-1)}{(1 - 0.304)/(131-2)} = 56.3448$$

The degree of freedom for the Numerator is n-1 = 2-1 = 1

The degree of freedom for the Denominator is n-k = 131-2 = 129

INTERPRETATION: The critical F values for different degrees of freedom can be checked in the F – table. The F test is usually performed at 5 per cent level number 129 under the degrees of freedom. When 129 degree of freedom is linked with 5 per cent level of confidence, under the column 0.05, the critical F value derived is 8.3399 for the "two – tailed test". The value of t calculated in the regression analysis is 56.3448. This value of t (i.e., 56.3448) far exceeds the

critical t value (i.e., 8.3399) at the 5 per cent level of significance. Therefore, the null hypothesis that "there is no relationship between Y (WPI) and X (Crude oil price)" is rejected. The rejection of null hypothesis at 5 per cent level of significance means that there is a statistically significant relationship between Y (WPI) and X (Crude oil price). More precisely, the conclusion derived is that we are 95 per cent confident that there is a statistically significant relationship between Y (WPI) and X (Crude oil price).

				Standard	
	D	D	Adjusted R	error of the	Number of
Model	K	R square	square	estimate	observations
1	0.55136	0.304	0.2992	0.4142	129

Linest Function

130.8572	3.113693
33.94069	0.414231
101.2714	0.304591
129	56.50243
1323011	579483.3

The table explains the values as follows:

- 1. Coefficient of X (b) = 3.113693
- 2. Standard error of b = 0.414231
- 3. $R^2 = 0.304591$
- 4. F-value = 56.50243
- 5. Sum of squares of Regression = 579423.3
- 6. Intercept (a) = 130.8592
- 7. Standard error of Intercept = 33.94069
- 8. Standard error of Regression = 101.2714
- 9. Degree of freedom = 129
- 10. Sum of squares of Residual = 1323011

SUMMARY OF REGRESSION OUTPUT

Regression Statistics		
Multiple R	0.551897923	
R Square	0.304591317	
Adjusted R Square	0.299200552	
Standard Error	101.2714241	
Observations	131	

LOG NATURAL TRANSFORMATION DATA OF WPI AND CRUDE OIL PRICE

(Making use of Appendix table 5)

SUMMARY OF REGRESSION OUTPUT

Regression Statistics		
Multiple R	0.527278271	
R Square	0.278022375	
Adjusted R Square	0.272425649	
Standard Error	0.27270414	
Observations	131	

E-VIEWS OUTPUT OF REGRESSION

Dependent Variable: YT Method: Least Squares Date: 04/02/16 Time: 16:19 Sample: 1 131 Included observations: 131

Variable	Coefficient	Std. Error	t-Statistic	Prob.
С	130.8572	33.94069	3.855468	0.0002
хт	3.113693	0.414231	7.51681	C
R-squared	0.304591	Mean dependent var		377.1611
Adjusted R-squared	0.299201	S.D. dependent var		120.9734
S.E. of regression	101.2714	Akaike info criterion		12.08864
Sum squared resid	1323011	Schwarz criterion		12.13253
		Hannan-Quinn		
Log likelihood	-789.8056	criter.		12.10647
F-statistic	56.50243	Durbin-Watson stat		0.044655
Prob(F-statistic)	0			

MODEL 2:

KARL PEARSON'S CORRELATION COEFFICIENT

(Making use of Appendix Table 6)

(NOTE: The WPI based inflation rates have been averaged out for every quarter based on the monthly data available on the website)



r = 0.43635

r squared = 0.1904

TIME SERIES REGRESSION EQUATION

 $Y_t = a + bX + u_t$

Where,

- Y_t = denotes the quarterly India GDP Growth rate
- a = denotes constant quantity, i.e., the intercept on the line on Y-
- axis b = denotes the coefficient of X
- X = denotes the quarterly India inflation rate
- u_t = denotes the residual or error term of the model

Therefore, the time series regression equation for the given model is as follows:

Quarterly GDP growth rate = a + b*Quarterly inflation rate

SCATTER PLOT OF X AND Y:



FITTING A REGRESSION LINE:



The equation, Quarterly GDP Growth = 5.069 + 0.300 *Quarterly Inflation Rate, fits the relationship between the change in GDP Growth Rate on the change in the Inflation Rate. The estimated slope, ",b^", is 0.300; that is,

TWO VARIABLE REGRESSION ANALYSIS

(Making use of Appendix Table 7)

 $b1^{=}(\Sigma xtyt)/\Sigma x2$

=(19.3316)/(64.4038)=0.30016

 $a^{\wedge} = E(Y) - b^{\wedge}E(X)$

= 7.37 - (0.30016*7.68) = 5.0648 Therefore,

the two variable equation formed is

Quarterly GDP Growth = 5.0648 + 0.30016*Quarterly Inflation Rate

CALCULATION OF STANDARD ERROR OF COEFFICIENT

(Making use of Appendix table 8)

SSE = $\sum (Yt - Y^{^2})^2 = 24.674$ MSE (Estimate of σ^2) = S² = $\frac{SSE}{N-2} = \frac{24.674}{19-2} = 1.4514$

To estimate σ , we take the square root of S², the resulting value; S is referred to as the standard error of estimate.

Therefore, S = SQRT(MSE) = SQRT (1.4514) = 1.2047

t-TEST

Ho: There is no significant relationship between the two variables, i.e., b is equal to 0.

H1: There is a significant relationship between the two variables, i.e., b is not equal to 0.

 $S.E = \frac{S}{SQRT \{\Sigma (X - E(X))^2\}} = \frac{1.2047}{64.4038}$ $t = (b1^{-} - b1)/S.E$ t = (0.30016 - 0)/0.0187t = 16.05

The degree of freedom is n-k, where n = 19 (number of observations) and k = 2 (number of parameters)

INTERPRETATION: The critical t values for different degrees of freedom can be checked in the t – table. The t test is usually performed at 5 per cent level number 17 under the degrees of freedom. When 17 degree of freedom is linked with 5 per cent level of confidence, under the column 0.05, the critical t value derived is 2.11 for the "two – tailed test". The value of t calculated in the regression analysis is 16.05. This value of t (i.e., 16.05) far exceeds the critical t value (i.e., 2.11) at the 5 per cent level of significance. Therefore, the null hypothesis that "there is no relationship between Y (Quarterly Inflation Rate) and X (Quarterly GDP Growth Rate)" is rejected. The rejection of null hypothesis at 5 per cent level of significance means that there is a statistically significant relationship between Y (WPI) and X (Crude oil price). More precisely, the conclusion derived is that we are 95 per cent confident that there is a statistically significant relationship between Y (Quarterly Inflation Rate) and X (Quarterly GDP Growth Rate).

CONFIDENCE INTERVAL OF b

The confidence interval of b is

 $b \pm t \alpha/2$ S.E (b)

 $P(0.30016 - 4.45 \le b^{<} = 0.30016 + 4.45) = 1 - 0.05$

 $P(-4.14984 \le b^{-1} \le 4.75016) = 0.95$

LINEST FUNCTION

0.300168559	5.069653544
0.15012079	1.184979007
0.190401189	1.204745888
3.998054566	17
5.802826988	24.67401512

The table explains the values as follows:

- 1. Coefficient of X (b) = 0.300168559
- 2. Standard error of b = 0.15012079
- 3. $R^2 = 0.190401189$
- 4. F-value = 3.99804566
- 5. Sum of squares of Regression = 5.802826988
- 6. Intercept (a) = 5.069653544
- 7. Standard error of Intercept = 1.18497007
- 8. Standard error of Regression = 1.204745888
- 9. Degree of freedom = 17
- 10. Sum of squares of Residual = 24.67401512

SUMMARY TABLE

Regression Statistics			
Multiple R	0.436349848		
R Square	0.190401189		
Adjusted R Square	0.14277773		
Standard Error	1.204745888		
Observations	19		

LOG TRANSFORMATION DATA OF GDP GROWTH RATE AND INFLATION RATE

(Making use of Appendix table 9)

SUMMARY OF REGRESSION OUTPUT

Regression Statistics			
Multiple R	0.436349848		
R Square	0.190401189		
Adjusted R Square	0.14277773		
Standard Error	1.204745888		
Observations	19		

E-VIEWS OUTPUT OF REGRESSION

Dependent Variable: Y				
Method: Least Squares				
Date: 04/02/16 Time: 16:12	2			
Sample: 1 19				
Included observations: 19				
Variable	Coefficient	Std. Error	t-Statistic	Prob.
С	5.069654	1.184979	4.278264	0.0005
Х	0.300169	0.150121	1.999514	0.0618
		Mean dependent		
R-squared	0.190401	var		7.373684
Adjusted R-squared	0.142778	S.D. dependent var		1.301214
		Akaike info		
S.E. of regression	1.204746	criterion		3.309715
Sum squared resid	24.67402	Schwarz criterion		3.40913
		Hannan-Quinn		
Log likelihood	-29.44229	criter.		3.32654
F-statistic	3.998055	Durbin-Watson stat		1.340523
Prob(F-statistic)	0.061796			

RESULT

In the light of the researches already conducted, the following results have been established.

In the first Model, the relationship between the crude oil prices and Wholesale Price Index was extensively researched upon deriving various relationships between both the variables.

- 1. As per the calculations done, R squared comes at 0.304 which implies that R squared explains 30.4 percent variation in Wholesale Price Index is due to Crude oil price. Such a low value implies that our independent variable (crude oil prices) is not explaining our dependant variable (Wholesale Price Index) quite well. Here, as per the data available, the Wholesale Price Index is the sum total of the WPI of Crude Petroleum and the WPI of Mineral oil which consists of LPG, Petrol, kerosene, Aviation Turbine Fuel, High Speed Diesel, Bitumen, Furnace Oil and Lubricants. Along with this, the goodness of fit test showed that the data was not an excellent fit.
- 2. Two-tailed t-test conducted on the data taken at five percent level of significance proved that a significant relationship was present between the crude oil prices and the Wholesale Price Index.
- 3. Comparing the data derived from various sources Analysis of Variance test showed the perfectly fine result since the sum of Sum of squares of regression (SSR) and Sum of square of errors (SSE) came out to be Total sum of squares.
- 4. The tests conducted on the model also involve the P-value test which implies the probability that the value of test statistics is at least as extreme as its computed value on the basis of sample data under null hypothesis. Here, the data is considered at five percent level of significance and the P value arrived at for this model is 8.34 percent. Since the P-value is greater than five percent, it is sure that the null hypothesis is not rejected.
- 5. In the Durbin Watson conducted, the dl value derived is 3.340 and the du value derived as 3.475. The value calculated in the E views model is 0.044655. This implies that the null hypothesis is rejected and there is some evidence of positive autocorrelation.
- 6. The log transformation of the data collected showed the conversion of the simple linear model into a log-log model which showed that one percent increase in the crude oil price will lead to 0.5749 percent increase in the Wholesale Price Index of the commodity.

All the tests conducted on Model 1, correctly establishes the fact that there exists some relationship between the Crude oil prices and the Wholesale Price Index (WPI).

In the second Model, the relationship between the quarterly inflation rate and quarterly GDP growth rate has been researched upon and the relationships between the two variables have been arrived at.

- 1. As per the calculations done, R squared comes at 0.1904 which implies R squared explains 19.04 percent variation in quarterly GDP growth rate is due to quarterly inflation rate. Such a low value implies that our independent variable (quarterly inflation rate) is not explaining our dependant variable (quarterly GDP growth rate) quite well. Along with this, the goodness of fit test showed that the data was not an excellent fit.
- 2. Two-tailed t-test conducted on the data taken at five percent level of significance proved that a significant relationship was present between inflation rate and the GDP growth rate.
- 3. Comparing the data derived from various sources Analysis of Variance test showed the perfectly fine result since the sum of Sum of squares of regression (SSR) and Sum of square of errors (SSE) came out to be Total sum of squares.
- 4. The P-value arrived at for Model two is 6.1796 percent which is greater than the five percent level of significance considered. Greater P-value indicates that the null hypothesis is not rejected.
- 5. The tests also included the confidence interval derived for the slope intercept (b), that is, at five percent level of significance the slope intercept lies between -4.14984 and 4.75016.
- 6. In the Durbin Watson conducted, the dl value derived is 1.074 and the du value derived as 1.536. The value calculated in the E views model is 1.340523. This implies that value calculated lies in the zone of indecision.
- 7. The log transformation of the data collected showed the conversion of the simple linear model into a log-log model which showed that one percent increase in the quarterly inflation rate will lead to 0.300169 percent increase in the quarterly GDP growth rate.

Therefore, all the tests conducted on the second model conclude that there exists some relationship between the inflation rate and GDP growth rate.

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APPENDIX

Appendix Table 1:

(BASE YEAR: 2004-05)

M	Wholesale Price Index	Crude Oil Prices (\$)	NX.	V	X
Months	(Variable Y)	(Variable X)	XY	X square	Y square
Feb'16	310.1	33.75	10465 875	1139.0625	96162.01
Feu 10 Ion'16	310.1	33.67	11175 288	1139.0023	110/80 76
Jali IU Dec'15	330.1	33.02	12226 00/	1271 9616	10405.70
Nov'15	351.7	<u> </u>	14648 305	173/ 7225	173697.89
Ω_{ct}	355.3	41.03	16553 427	2170 6281	126738.09
Sen'15	354	45.09	15961.86	2033 1081	120230.07
Διισ'15	356.1	49.2	17520.12	2033.1001	126807 21
Inly'15	398.8	47.12	18791 456	22120.01	159041 44
June'15	420.1	59.47	24983 347	3536 6809	176484 01
Mav'15	418.9	60.3	25259 67	3636.09	175477 21
Apr'15	390.1	59.63	23261.663	3555,7369	152178.01
Mar'15	386.4	47.6	18392.64	2265.76	149304.96
Feb'15	378.5	49.76	18834.16	2476.0576	143262.25
Jan'15	383.9	48.24	18519.336	2327.0976	147379.21
Dec'14	414	53.27	22053.78	2837.6929	171396
Nov'14	475.3	66.15	31441.095	4375.8225	225910.09
Oct'14	518.6	80.54	41768.044	6486.6916	268945.96
Sep'14	552.4	91.16	50356.784	8310.1456	305145.76
Aug'14	568	95.96	54505.28	9208.3216	322624
July'14	586.4	98.17	57566.888	9637.3489	343864.96
June'14	582.6	105.37	61388.562	11102.8369	339422.76
May'14	582.3	102.71	59808.033	10549.3441	339073.29
Apr'14	581.9	99.74	58038.706	9948.0676	338607.61
Mar'14	583.6	101.58	59282.088	10318.4964	340588.96
Feb'14	590.1	102.59	60538.359	10524.7081	348218.01
Jan'14	584.5	97.49	56982.905	9504.3001	341640.25
Dec'13	591	98.42	58166.22	9686.4964	349281
Nov'13	590.5	92.72	54751.16	8596.9984	348690.25
Oct'13	596.8	96.38	57519.584	9289.1044	356170.24
Sep'13	604.3	102.33	61838.019	10471.4289	365178.49
Aug'13	595.7	107.65	64127.105	11588.5225	354858.49

July'13	547.3	105.03	57482.919	11031.3009	299537.29
June'13	534.1	96.56	51572.696	9323.8336	285262.81
May'13	511.6	91.97	47051.852	8458.4809	261734.56
Apr'13	513.3	93.46	47973.018	8734.7716	263476.89
Mar'13	534.2	97.23	51940.266	9453.6729	285369.64
Feb'13	545.9	92.05	50250.095	8473.2025	298006.81
Jan'13	536	97.49	52254.64	9504.3001	287296
Dec'12	526.1	91.82	48306.502	8430.9124	276781.21
Nov'12	522.2	88.91	46428.802	7904.9881	272692.84
Oct'12	518.3	86.24	44698.192	7437.3376	268634.89
Sep'12	531.1	92.19	48962.109	8498.9961	282067.21
Aug'12	523.6	96.47	50511.692	9306.4609	274156.96
July'12	489.7	88.06	43122.982	7754.5636	239806.09
June'12	476.2	84.96	40457.952	7218.2016	226766.44
May'12	514.2	86.53	44493.726	7487.4409	264401.64
Apr'12	530.4	104.87	55623.048	10997.7169	281324.16
Mar'12	531.6	103.02	54765.432	10613.1204	282598.56
Feb'12	505.3	107.07	54102.471	11463.9849	255328.09
Jan'12	498.5	98.48	49092.28	9698.3104	248502.25
Dec'11	495.1	98.83	48930.733	9767.3689	245124.01
Nov'11	490.9	100.36	49266.724	10072.1296	240982.81
Oct'11	478.1	93.19	44554.139	8684.3761	228579.61
Sep'11	473.6	79.2	37509.12	6272.64	224296.96
Aug'11	456.8	88.81	40568.408	7887.2161	208666.24
July'11	461.2	95.7	44136.84	9158.49	212705.44
June'11	454.3	95.42	43349.306	9104.9764	206388.49
May'11	455.1	102.7	46738.77	10547.29	207116.01
Apr'11	441.1	113.93	50254.523	12980.0449	194569.21
Mar'11	380	106.72	40553.6	11389.1584	144400
Feb'11	376.9	96.97	36547.993	9403.1809	142053.61
Jan'11	374.8	92.19	34552.812	8498.9961	140475.04
Dec'10	372.5	91.38	34039.05	8350.3044	138756.25
Nov'10	365.2	84.11	30716.972	7074.4921	133371.04
Oct'10	358.2	81.43	29168.226	6630.8449	128307.24
Sep'10	353	79.97	28229.41	6395.2009	124609
Aug'10	354.3	71.92	25481.256	5172.4864	125528.49
July'10	350	78.95	27632.5	6233.1025	122500
June'10	342.4	75.63	25895.712	5719.8969	117237.76
May'10	340.1	73.97	25157.197	5471.5609	115668.01
Apr'10	356	86.15	30669.4	7421.8225	126736
Mar'10	345.8	83.76	28964.208	7015.7376	119577.64

Feb'10	328.2	79.66	26144.412	6345.7156	107715.24
Jan'10	332.7	72.89	24250.503	5312.9521	110689.29
Dec'09	328.7	79.36	26085.632	6298.0096	108043.69
Nov'09	333.5	77.28	25772.88	5972.1984	111222.25
Oct'09	322.8	77	24855.6	5929	104199.84
Sep'09	317.4	70.61	22411.614	4985.7721	100742.76
Aug'09	327.3	69.96	22897.908	4894.4016	107125.29
July'09	306.3	69.45	21272.535	4823.3025	93819.69
June'09	303.6	69.89	21218.604	4884.6121	92172.96
May'09	279.7	66.31	18546.907	4397.0161	78232.09
Apr'09	276.4	51.12	14129.568	2613.2544	76396.96
Mar'09	249.4	49.66	12385.204	2466.1156	62200.36
Feb'09	250.2	44.76	11198.952	2003.4576	62600.04
Jan'09	255.3	41.68	10640.904	1737.2224	65178.09
Dec'08	258.1	44.6	11511.26	1989.16	66615.61
Nov'08	269.6	54.43	14674.328	2962.6249	72684.16
Oct'08	280.3	67.81	19007.143	4598.1961	78568.09
Sep'08	295	100.64	29688.8	10128.4096	87025
Aug'08	314	115.46	36254.44	13331.0116	98596
July'08	355	124.08	44048.4	15395.8464	126025
June'08	371.2	140	51968	19600	137789.44
May'08	306.2	127.35	38994.57	16218.0225	93758.44
Apr'08	293.7	113.46	33323.202	12873.1716	86259.69
Mar'08	286.6	101.58	29112.828	10318.4964	82139.56
Feb'08	270.1	101.84	27506.984	10371.3856	72954.01
Jan'08	257	91.75	23579.75	8418.0625	66049
Dec'07	275.9	95.98	26480.882	9212.1604	76120.81
Nov'07	274.8	88.71	24377.508	7869.4641	75515.04
Oct'07	252.6	94.53	23878.278	8935.9209	63806.76
Sep'07	265.4	81.66	21672.564	6668.3556	70437.16
Aug'07	256.5	74.04	18991.26	5481.9216	65792.25
July'07	265.2	78.21	20741.292	6116.8041	70331.04
June'07	251.9	70.68	17804.292	4995.6624	63453.61
May'07	246.3	64.01	15765.663	4097.2801	60663.69
Apr'07	251.4	65.71	16519.494	4317.8041	63201.96
Mar'07	244.5	65.87	16105.215	4338.8569	59780.25
Feb'07	235.4	61.79	14545.366	3818.0041	55413.16
Jan'07	228	58.14	13255.92	3380.2596	51984
Dec'06	265.1	61.05	16184.355	3727.1025	70278.01
Nov'06	260.9	63.13	16470.617	3985.3969	68068.81
Oct'06	262.3	58.73	15404.879	3449.2129	68801.29

Sep'06	243.5	62.91	15318.585	3957.6681	59292.25
Aug'06	274	70.26	19251.24	4936.4676	75076
July'06	273.9	74.4	20378.16	5535.36	75021.21
June'06	258	73.93	19073.94	5465.6449	66564
May'06	254.8	71.29	18164.692	5082.2641	64923.04
Apr'06	252	71.88	18113.76	5166.7344	63504
Mar'06	232.9	66.63	15518.127	4439.5569	54242.41
Feb'06	228.6	61.41	14038.326	3771.1881	52257.96
Jan'06	232.7	67.92	15804.984	4613.1264	54149.29
Dec'05	240.2	61.04	14661.808	3725.8816	57696.04
Nov'05	237.1	57.32	13590.572	3285.5824	56216.41
Oct'05	241.4	59.76	14426.064	3571.2576	58273.96
Sep'05	244	66.24	16162.56	4387.7376	59536
Aug'05	237.1	68.94	16345.674	4752.7236	56216.41
July'05	219.3	60.57	13283.001	3668.7249	48092.49
June'05	208.2	56.5	11763.3	3192.25	43347.24
May'05	194.2	51.97	10092.574	2700.8809	37713.64
Apr'05	202.3	49.72	10058.356	2472.0784	40925.29
N = 131					
SUMMATION	49408.1	10362.55	4094458.472	879484.1353	20537306.41
AVERAGE	377.16	79.1	31255.41	6713.62	156773.33

[Source : Wholesale Price Index: <u>www.eaindustry.nic.in</u>, Office of economic Advisor, Government of India, Ministry of Commerce and Industry, Department of Industrial policy and Promotion (DIPP)]

Appendix Table 2:

	Wholesale			
	Price Index	Crude Oil		
Months	(monthly)	Prices (\$)	XtYt	X square
	Yt	Xt		
Feb'16	310.1	33.75	10465.875	1139.0625
Jan'16	332.4	33.62	11175.288	1130.3044
Dec'15	330.1	37.04	12226.904	1371.9616
Nov'15	351.7	41.65	14648.305	1734.7225
Oct'15	355.3	46.59	16553.427	2170.6281
Sep'15	354	45.09	15961.86	2033.1081
Aug'15	356.1	49.2	17520.12	2420.64
July'15	398.8	47.12	18791.456	2220.2944
June'15	420.1	59.47	24983.347	3536.6809
May'15	418.9	60.3	25259.67	3636.09
Apr'15	390.1	59.63	23261.663	3555.7369
Mar'15	386.4	47.6	18392.64	2265.76
Feb'15	378.5	49.76	18834.16	2476.0576
Jan'15	383.9	48.24	18519.336	2327.0976
Dec'14	414	53.27	22053.78	2837.6929
Nov'14	475.3	66.15	31441.095	4375.8225
Oct'14	518.6	80.54	41768.044	6486.6916
Sep'14	552.4	91.16	50356.784	8310.1456
Aug'14	568	95.96	54505.28	9208.3216
July'14	586.4	98.17	57566.888	9637.3489
June'14	582.6	105.37	61388.562	11102.8369
May'14	582.3	102.71	59808.033	10549.3441
Apr'14	581.9	99.74	58038.706	9948.0676
Mar'14	583.6	101.58	59282.088	10318.4964
Feb'14	590.1	102.59	60538.359	10524.7081
Jan'14	584.5	97.49	56982.905	9504.3001
Dec'13	591	98.42	58166.22	9686.4964
Nov'13	590.5	92.72	54751.16	8596.9984
Oct'13	596.8	96.38	57519.584	9289.1044
Sep'13	604.3	102.33	61838.019	10471.4289
Aug'13	595.7	107.65	64127.105	11588.5225
July'13	547.3	105.03	57482.919	11031.3009
June'13	534.1	96.56	51572.696	9323.8336
May'13	511.6	91.97	47051.852	8458.4809
Apr'13	513.3	93.46	47973.018	8734.7716
Mar'13	534.2	97.23	51940.266	9453.6729
Feb'13	545.9	92.05	50250.095	8473.2025
Jan'13	536	97.49	52254.64	9504.3001

Dec'12	526.1	91.82	48306.502	8430.9124
Nov'12	522.2	88.91	46428.802	7904.9881
Oct'12	518.3	86.24	44698.192	7437.3376
Sep'12	531.1	92.19	48962.109	8498.9961
Aug'12	523.6	96.47	50511.692	9306.4609
July'12	489.7	88.06	43122.982	7754.5636
June'12	476.2	84.96	40457.952	7218.2016
May'12	514.2	86.53	44493.726	7487.4409
Apr'12	530.4	104.87	55623.048	10997.7169
Mar'12	531.6	103.02	54765.432	10613.1204
Feb'12	505.3	107.07	54102.471	11463.9849
Jan'12	498.5	98.48	49092.28	9698.3104
Dec'11	495.1	98.83	48930.733	9767.3689
Nov'11	490.9	100.36	49266.724	10072.1296
Oct'11	478.1	93.19	44554.139	8684.3761
Sep'11	473.6	79.2	37509.12	6272.64
Aug'11	456.8	88.81	40568.408	7887.2161
July'11	461.2	95.7	44136.84	9158.49
June'11	454.3	95.42	43349.306	9104.9764
May'11	455.1	102.7	46738.77	10547.29
Apr'11	441.1	113.93	50254.523	12980.0449
Mar'11	380	106.72	40553.6	11389.1584
Feb'11	376.9	96.97	36547.993	9403.1809
Jan'11	374.8	92.19	34552.812	8498.9961
Dec'10	372.5	91.38	34039.05	8350.3044
Nov'10	365.2	84.11	30716.972	7074.4921
Oct'10	358.2	81.43	29168.226	6630.8449
Sep'10	353	79.97	28229.41	6395.2009
Aug'10	354.3	71.92	25481.256	5172.4864
July'10	350	78.95	27632.5	6233.1025
June'10	342.4	75.63	25895.712	5719.8969
May'10	340.1	73.97	25157.197	5471.5609
Apr'10	356	86.15	30669.4	7421.8225
Mar'10	345.8	83.76	28964.208	7015.7376
Feb'10	328.2	79.66	26144.412	6345.7156
Jan'10	332.7	72.89	24250.503	5312.9521
Dec'09	328.7	79.36	26085.632	6298.0096
Nov'09	333.5	77.28	25772.88	5972.1984
Oct'09	322.8	77	24855.6	5929
Sep'09	317.4	70.61	22411.614	4985.7721
Aug'09	327.3	69.96	22897.908	4894.4016

July'09	306.3	69.45	21272.535	4823.3025
June'09	303.6	69.89	21218.604	4884.6121
May'09	279.7	66.31	18546.907	4397.0161
Apr'09	276.4	51.12	14129.568	2613.2544
Mar'09	249.4	49.66	12385.204	2466.1156
Feb'09	250.2	44.76	11198.952	2003.4576
Jan'09	255.3	41.68	10640.904	1737.2224
Dec'08	258.1	44.6	11511.26	1989.16
Nov'08	269.6	54.43	14674.328	2962.6249
Oct'08	280.3	67.81	19007.143	4598.1961
Sep'08	295	100.64	29688.8	10128.4096
Aug'08	314	115.46	36254.44	13331.0116
July'08	355	124.08	44048.4	15395.8464
June'08	371.2	140	51968	19600
May'08	306.2	127.35	38994.57	16218.0225
Apr'08	293.7	113.46	33323.202	12873.1716
Mar'08	286.6	101.58	29112.828	10318.4964
Feb'08	270.1	101.84	27506.984	10371.3856
Jan'08	257	91.75	23579.75	8418.0625
Dec'07	275.9	95.98	26480.882	9212.1604
Nov'07	274.8	88.71	24377.508	7869.4641
Oct'07	252.6	94.53	23878.278	8935.9209
Sep'07	265.4	81.66	21672.564	6668.3556
Aug'07	256.5	74.04	18991.26	5481.9216
July'07	265.2	78.21	20741.292	6116.8041
June'07	251.9	70.68	17804.292	4995.6624
May'07	246.3	64.01	15765.663	4097.2801
Apr'07	251.4	65.71	16519.494	4317.8041
Mar'07	244.5	65.87	16105.215	4338.8569
Feb'07	235.4	61.79	14545.366	3818.0041
Jan'07	228	58.14	13255.92	3380.2596
Dec'06	265.1	61.05	16184.355	3727.1025
Nov'06	260.9	63.13	16470.617	3985.3969
Oct'06	262.3	58.73	15404.879	3449.2129
Sep'06	243.5	62.91	15318.585	3957.6681
Aug'06	274	70.26	19251.24	4936.4676
July'06	273.9	74.4	20378.16	5535.36
June'06	258	73.93	19073.94	5465.6449
May'06	254.8	71.29	18164.692	5082.2641
Apr'06	252	71.88	18113.76	5166.7344
Mar'06	232.9	66.63	15518.127	4439.5569

Feb'06	228.6	61.41	14038.326	3771.1881
Jan'06	232.7	67.92	15804.984	4613.1264
Dec'05	240.2	61.04	14661.808	3725.8816
Nov'05	237.1	57.32	13590.572	3285.5824
Oct'05	241.4	59.76	14426.064	3571.2576
Sep'05	244	66.24	16162.56	4387.7376
Aug'05	237.1	68.94	16345.674	4752.7236
July'05	219.3	60.57	13283.001	3668.7249
June'05	208.2	56.5	11763.3	3192.25
May'05	194.2	51.97	10092.574	2700.8809
Apr'05	202.3	49.72	10058.356	2472.0784
Summation	49408.1	10362.55	4094458.472	879484.1353
Average	377.16	79.1	31255.41	6713.62

Appendix Table 3:

	Wholesale						
	Price	Crude					$\mathbf{x}\mathbf{t} = (\mathbf{X}\mathbf{t} - \mathbf{X}\mathbf{x})$
Marsalla a	Index		N 74 A	et = Yt -	$(\mathbf{Yt} - \mathbf{Yt}^{\prime\prime})$	$(\mathbf{V}_{4} \mathbf{V})$	X)
Months	(monthly)	Prices (\$)	Y L	<u> </u>	squared	(Al - A)	squared
Eab!16	Y t 210.1	At	225 96275	74 02605	5511 02091	15 25	2056 6225
Feb 16	310.1	33.75	235.86375	/4.23625	5511.02081	-45.35	2056.6225
Jan ¹ 16	332.4	33.62	235.45906	96.94094	9397.54585	-45.48	2068.4304
Dec 15	330.1	37.04	246.10552	83.99448	/055.07267	-42.06	1/69.0436
Nov'15	351.7	41.65	260.45645	91.24355	8325.38542	-37.45	1402.5025
Oct 15	355.3	46.59	2/5.8346/	/9.46533	6314./386/	-32.51	1056.9001
Sep'15	354	45.09	2/1.16517	82.83483	6861.60906	-34.01	1156.6801
Aug'15	356.1	49.2	283.9596	72.1404	5204.23731	-29.9	894.01
July'15	398.8	47.12	277.48456	121.31544	14/17.436	-31.98	1022.7204
June'15	420.1	59.47	315.93011	104.16989	10851.366	-19.63	385.3369
May'15	418.9	60.3	318.5139	100.3861	10077.3691	-18.8	353.44
Apr'15	390.1	59.63	316.42819	73.67181	5427.53559	-19.47	379.0809
Mar'15	386.4	47.6	278.9788	107.4212	11539.3142	-31.5	992.25
Feb'15	378.5	49.76	285.70288	92.79712	8611.30548	-29.34	860.8356
Jan'15	383.9	48.24	280.97112	102.92888	10594.3543	-30.86	952.3396
Dec'14	414	53.27	296.62951	117.37049	13775.8319	-25.83	667.1889
Nov'14	475.3	66.15	336.72495	138.57505	19203.0445	-12.95	167.7025
Oct'14	518.6	80.54	381.52102	137.07898	18790.6468	1.44	2.0736
Sep'14	552.4	91.16	414.58108	137.81892	18994.0547	12.06	145.4436
Aug'14	568	95.96	429.52348	138.47652	19175.7466	16.86	284.2596
July'14	586.4	98.17	436.40321	149.99679	22499.037	19.07	363.6649
June'14	582.6	105.37	458.81681	123.78319	15322.2781	26.27	690.1129
May'14	582.3	102.71	450.53623	131.76377	17361.6911	23.61	557.4321
Apr'14	581.9	99.74	441.29062	140.60938	19770.9977	20.64	426.0096
Mar'14	583.6	101.58	447.01854	136.58146	18654.4952	22.48	505.3504
Feb'14	590.1	102.59	450.16267	139.93733	19582.4563	23.49	551.7801
Jan'14	584.5	97.49	434.28637	150.21363	22564.1346	18.39	338.1921
Dec'13	591	98.42	437.18146	153.81854	23660.1432	19.32	373.2624
Nov'13	590.5	92.72	419.43736	171.06264	29262.4268	13.62	185.5044
Oct'13	596.8	96.38	430.83094	165.96906	27545.7289	17.28	298.5984
Sep'13	604.3	102.33	449.35329	154.94671	24008.4829	23.23	539.6329
Aug'13	595.7	107.65	465.91445	129.78555	16844.289	28.55	815.1025
July'13	547.3	105.03	457.75839	89.54161	8017.69992	25.93	672.3649
June'13	534.1	96.56	431.39128	102.70872	10549.0812	17.46	304.8516
May'13	511.6	91.97	417.10261	94.49739	8929.75672	12.87	165.6369
Apr'13	513.3	93.46	421.74098	91.55902	8383.05414	14.36	206.2096
Mar'13	534.2	97.23	433.47699	100.72301	10145.1247	18.13	328.6969
Feb'13	545.9	92.05	417.35165	128.54835	16524.6783	12.95	167.7025

Jan'13	536	97.49	434.28637	101.71363	10345.6625	18.39	338.1921
Dec'12	526.1	91.82	416.63566	109.46434	11982.4417	12.72	161.7984
Nov'12	522.2	88.91	407.57683	114.62317	13138.4711	9.81	96.2361
Oct'12	518.3	86.24	399.26512	119.03488	14169.3027	7.14	50.9796
Sep'12	531.1	92.19	417.78747	113.31253	12839.7295	13.09	171.3481
Aug'12	523.6	96.47	431.11111	92.48889	8554.19477	17.37	301.7169
July'12	489.7	88.06	404.93078	84.76922	7185.82066	8.96	80.2816
June'12	476.2	84.96	395.28048	80.91952	6547.96872	5.86	34.3396
May'12	514.2	86.53	400.16789	114.03211	13003.3221	7.43	55.2049
Apr'12	530.4	104.87	457.26031	73.13969	5349.41425	25.77	664.0929
Mar'12	531.6	103.02	451.50126	80.09874	6415.80815	23.92	572.1664
Feb'12	505.3	107.07	464.10891	41.19109	1696.7059	27.97	782.3209
Jan'12	498.5	98.48	437.36824	61.13176	3737.09208	19.38	375.5844
Dec'11	495.1	98.83	438.45779	56.64221	3208.33995	19.73	389.2729
Nov'11	490.9	100.36	443.22068	47.67932	2273.31756	21.26	451.9876
Oct'11	478.1	93.19	420.90047	57.19953	3271.78623	14.09	198.5281
Sep'11	473.6	79.2	377.3496	96.2504	9264.1395	0.1	0.01
Aug'11	456.8	88.81	407.26553	49.53447	2453.66372	9.71	94.2841
July'11	461.2	95.7	428.7141	32.4859	1055.3337	16.6	275.56
June'11	454.3	95.42	427.84246	26.45754	700.001423	16.32	266.3424
May'11	455.1	102.7	450.5051	4.5949	21.113106	23.6	556.96
Apr'11	441.1	113.93	485.46409	-44.36409	1968.17248	34.83	1213.1289
Mar'11	380	106.72	463.01936	-83.01936	6892.21413	27.62	762.8644
Feb'11	376.9	96.97	432.66761	-55.76761	3110.02633	17.87	319.3369
Jan'11	374.8	92.19	417.78747	-42.98747	1847.92258	13.09	171.3481
Dec'10	372.5	91.38	415.26594	-42.76594	1828.92562	12.28	150.7984
Nov'10	365.2	84.11	392.63443	-27.43443	752.647949	5.01	25.1001
Oct'10	358.2	81.43	384.29159	-26.09159	680.771069	2.33	5.4289
Sep'10	353	79.97	379.74661	-26.74661	715.381146	0.87	0.7569
Aug'10	354.3	71.92	354.68696	-0.38696	0.14973804	-7.18	51.5524
July'10	350	78.95	376.57135	-26.57135	706.036641	-0.15	0.0225
June'10	342.4	75.63	366.23619	-23.83619	568.163954	-3.47	12.0409
May'10	340.1	73.97	361.06861	-20.96861	439.682605	-5.13	26.3169
Apr'10	356	86.15	398.98495	-42.98495	1847.70593	7.05	49.7025
Mar'10	345.8	83.76	391.54488	-45.74488	2092.59405	4.66	21.7156
Feb'10	328.2	79.66	378.78158	-50.58158	2558.49624	0.56	0.3136
Jan'10	332.7	72.89	357.70657	-25.00657	625.328543	-6.21	38.5641
Dec'09	328.7	79.36	377.84768	-49.14768	2415.49445	0.26	0.0676
Nov'09	333.5	77.28	371.37264	-37.87264	1434.33686	-1.82	3.3124
Oct'09	322.8	77	370.501	-47.701	2275.3854	-2.1	4.41
Sep'09	317.4	70.61	350.60893	-33.20893	1102.83303	-8.49	72.0801

Aug'09	327.3	69.96	348.58548	-21.28548	453.071659	-9.14	83.5396
July'09	306.3	69.45	346.99785	-40.69785	1656.31499	-9.65	93.1225
June'09	303.6	69.89	348.36757	-44.76757	2004.13532	-9.21	84.8241
May'09	279.7	66.31	337.22303	-57.52303	3308.89898	-12.79	163.5841
Apr'09	276.4	51.12	289.93656	-13.53656	183.238457	-27.98	782.8804
Mar'09	249.4	49.66	285.39158	-35.99158	1295.39383	-29.44	866.7136
Feb'09	250.2	44.76	270.13788	-19.93788	397.519059	-34.34	1179.2356
Jan'09	255.3	41.68	260.54984	-5.24984	27.56082	-37.42	1400.2564
Dec'08	258.1	44.6	269.6398	-11.5398	133.166984	-34.5	1190.25
Nov'08	269.6	54.43	300.24059	-30.64059	938.845756	-24.67	608.6089
Oct'08	280.3	67.81	341.89253	-61.59253	3793.63975	-11.29	127.4641
Sep'08	295	100.64	444.09232	- 149.09232	22228.5199	21.54	463.9716
Aug'08	314	115.46	490.22698	- 176.22698	31055.9485	36.36	1322.0496
July'08	355	124.08	517.06104	- 162.06104	26263.7807	44.98	2023.2004
June'08	371.2	140	566.62	-195.42	38188.9764	60.9	3708.81
May'08	306.2	127.35	527.24055	- 221.04055	48858.9247	48.25	2328.0625
Apr'08	293.7	113.46	484.00098	- 190.30098	36214.463	34.36	1180.6096
Mar'08	286.6	101.58	447.01854	- 160.41854	25734.108	22.48	505.3504
Feb'08	270.1	101.84	447.82792	- 177.72792	31587.2135	22.74	517.1076
Jan'08	257	91.75	416.41775	- 159.41775	25414.019	12.65	160.0225
Dec'07	275.9	95.98	429.58574	- 153.68574	23619.3067	16.88	284.9344
Nov'07	274.8	88.71	406.95423	132.15423	17464.7405	9.61	92.3521
Oct'07	252.6	94.53	425.07189	- 172.47189	29746.5528	15.43	238.0849
Sep'07	265.4	81.66	385.00758	- 119.60758	14305.9732	2.56	6.5536
Aug'07	256.5	74.04	361.28652	- 104.78652	10980.2148	-5.06	25.6036
July'07	265.2	78.21	374.26773	- 109.06773	11895.7697	-0.89	0.7921
June'07	251.9	70.68	350.82684	-98.92684	9786.51967	-8.42	70.8964
May'07	246.3	64.01	330.06313	-83.76313	7016.26195	-15.09	227.7081
Apr'07	251.4	65.71	335.35523	-83.95523	7048.48064	-13.39	179.2921
Mar'07	244.5	65.87	335.85331	-91.35331	8345.42725	-13.23	175.0329

Feb'07	235.4	61.79	323.15227	-87.75227	7700.46089	-17.31	299.6361
Jan'07	228	58.14	311.78982	-83.78982	7020.73394	-20.96	439.3216
Dec'06	265.1	61.05	320.84865	-55.74865	3107.91198	-18.05	325.8025
Nov'06	260.9	63.13	327.32369	-66.42369	4412.10659	-15.97	255.0409
Oct'06	262.3	58.73	313.62649	-51.32649	2634.40858	-20.37	414.9369
Sep'06	243.5	62.91	326.63883	-83.13883	6912.06505	-16.19	262.1161
Aug'06	274	70.26	349.51938	-75.51938	5703.17676	-8.84	78.1456
July'06	273.9	74.4	362.4072	-88.5072	7833.52445	-4.7	22.09
June'06	258	73.93	360.94409	102.94409	10597.4857	-5.17	26.7289
May'06	254.8	71.29	352.72577	-97.92577	9589.45643	-7.81	60.9961
Apr'06	252	71.88	354.56244	- 102.56244	10519.0541	-7.22	52.1284
Mar'06	232.9	66.63	338.21919	- 105.31919	11092.1318	-12.47	155.5009
Feb'06	228.6	61.41	321.96933	-93.36933	8717.83178	-17.69	312.9361
Jan'06	232.7	67.92	342.23496	- 109.53496	11997.9075	-11.18	124.9924
Dec'05	240.2	61.04	320.81752	-80.61752	6499.18453	-18.06	326.1636
Nov'05	237.1	57.32	309.23716	-72.13716	5203.76985	-21.78	474.3684
Oct'05	241.4	59.76	316.83288	-75.43288	5690.11939	-19.34	374.0356
Sep'05	244	66.24	337.00512	-93.00512	8649.95235	-12.86	165.3796
Aug'05	237.1	68.94	345.41022	108.31022	11731.1038	-10.16	103.2256
July'05	219.3	60.57	319.35441	- 100.05441	10010.885	-18.53	343.3609
June'05	208.2	56.5	306.6845	-98.4845	9699.19674	-22.6	510.76
May'05	194.2	51.97	292.58261	-98.38261	9679.13795	-27.13	736.0369
Apr'05	202.3	49.72	285.57836	-83.27836	6935.28524	-29.38	863.1844
Summation	49408.1	10362.55		14.68184	1323012.95		59770.8353
Average	377.16	79.1					

Appendix Table 4:

	Wholesale	Crude							
	Price	Oil	/ -	(<u>Yt</u> -		(- - - -	(Yt^ -		(Yt -
	Index	Prices	(Yt - W)	Y)	N 74 A	(Yt^{-})	Y)	et = Yt	Yt^)
Months	(monthly)	(\$)	Y)	squared	Yt^	¥)	squared	- Yt^	squared
E 1116	<u>Yt</u>	Xt	(7.0)	4407.04	225.064	141.0	10064.6	74.0060	5511.00
Feb'16	310.1	33.75	-67.06	4497.04	235.864	-141.3	19964.6	74.2363	5511.02
Jan'16	332.4	33.62	-44.76	2003.46	235.459	-141.7	20079.2	96.9409	9397.55
Dec'15	330.1	37.04	-47.06	2214.64	246.106	-131.05	17175.3	83.9945	7055.07
Nov'15	351.7	41.65	-25.46	648.212	260.456	-116.7	13619.7	91.2436	8325.39
Oct'15	355.3	46.59	-21.86	477.86	275.835	-101.33	10266.8	79.4653	6314.74
Sep'15	354	45.09	-23.16	536.386	271.165	-105.99	11234.9	82.8348	6861.61
Aug'15	356.1	49.2	-21.06	443.524	283.96	-93.2	8686.31	72.1404	5204.24
July'15	398.8	47.12	21.64	468.29	277.485	-99.675	9935.19	121.315	14717.4
June'15	420.1	59.47	42.94	1843.84	315.93	-61.23	3749.1	104.17	10851.4
May'15	418.9	60.3	41.74	1742.23	318.514	-58.646	3439.37	100.386	10077.4
Apr'15	390.1	59.63	12.94	167.444	316.428	-60.732	3688.35	73.6718	5427.54
Mar'15	386.4	47.6	9.24	85.3776	278.979	-98.181	9639.55	107.421	11539.3
Feb'15	378.5	49.76	1.34	1.7956	285.703	-91.457	8364.4	92.7971	8611.31
Jan'15	383.9	48.24	6.74	45.4276	280.971	-96.189	9252.3	102.929	10594.4
Dec'14	414	53.27	36.84	1357.19	296.63	-80.53	6485.16	117.37	13775.8
Nov'14	475.3	66.15	98.14	9631.46	336.725	-40.435	1634.99	138.575	19203
Oct'14	518.6	80.54	141.44	20005.3	381.521	4.36102	19.0185	137.079	18790.6
Sep'14	552.4	91.16	175.24	30709.1	414.581	37.4211	1400.34	137.819	18994.1
Aug'14	568	95.96	190.84	36419.9	429.523	52.3635	2741.93	138.477	19175.7
July'14	586.4	98.17	209.24	43781.4	436.403	59.2432	3509.76	149.997	22499
June'14	582.6	105.37	205.44	42205.6	458.817	81.6568	6667.83	123.783	15322.3
May'14	582.3	102.71	205.14	42082.4	450.536	73.3762	5384.07	131.764	17361.7
Apr'14	581.9	99.74	204.74	41918.5	441.291	64.1306	4112.74	140.609	19771
Mar'14	583.6	101.58	206.44	42617.5	447.019	69.8585	4880.22	136.581	18654.5
Feb'14	590.1	102.59	212.94	45343.4	450.163	73.0027	5329.39	139.937	19582.5
Jan'14	584.5	97.49	207.34	42989.9	434.286	57.1264	3263.42	150.214	22564.1
Dec'13	591	98.42	213.84	45727.5	437.181	60.0215	3602.58	153.819	23660.1
Nov'13	590.5	92.72	213.34	45514	419.437	42.2774	1787.38	171.063	29262.4
Oct'13	596.8	96.38	219.64	48241.7	430.831	53.6709	2880.57	165.969	27545.7
Sep'13	604.3	102.33	227.14	51592.6	449.353	72.1933	5211.87	154.947	24008.5
Aug'13	595.7	107.65	218.54	47759.7	465.914	88.7545	7877.35	129.786	16844.3
July'13	547.3	105.03	170.14	28947.6	457.758	80.5984	6496.1	89.5416	8017.7
June'13	534.1	96.56	156.94	24630.2	431.391	54.2313	2941.03	102.709	10549.1
May'13	511.6	91.97	134.44	18074.1	417.103	39.9426	1595.41	94.4974	8929.76
Apr'13	513.3	93.46	136.14	18534.1	421.741	44.581	1987.46	91.559	8383.05

Mar'13	534.2	97 23	157.04	24661.6	433 477	56 317	3171.6	100 723	10145 1
Feb'13	545.9	92.05	168.74	28473.2	417.352	40,1917	1615.37	128.548	16524.7
Jan'13	536	97.49	158.84	25230.1	434.286	57.1264	3263.42	101.714	10345.7
Dec'12	526.1	91.82	148.94	22183.1	416.636	39.4757	1558.33	109.464	11982.4
Nov'12	522.2	88.91	145.04	21036.6	407.577	30.4168	925.184	114.623	13138.5
Oct'12	518.3	86.24	141.14	19920.5	399.265	22.1051	488.636	119.035	14169.3
Sep'12	531.1	92.19	153.94	23697.5	417.787	40.6275	1650.59	113.313	12839.7
Aug'12	523.6	96.47	146.44	21444.7	431.111	53.9511	2910.72	92.4889	8554.19
July'12	489.7	88.06	112.54	12665.3	404.931	27.7708	771.216	84.7692	7185.82
June'12	476.2	84.96	99.04	9808.92	395.28	18.1205	328.352	80.9195	6547.97
May'12	514.2	86.53	137.04	18780	400.168	23.0079	529.363	114.032	13003.3
Apr'12	530.4	104.87	153.24	23482.5	457.26	80.1003	6416.06	73.1397	5349.41
Mar'12	531.6	103.02	154.44	23851.7	451.501	74.3413	5526.62	80.0987	6415.81
Feb'12	505.3	107.07	128.14	16419.9	464.109	86.9489	7560.11	41.1911	1696.71
Jan'12	498.5	98.48	121.34	14723.4	437.368	60.2082	3625.03	61.1318	3737.09
Dec'11	495.1	98.83	117.94	13909.8	438.458	61.2978	3757.42	56.6422	3208.34
Nov'11	490.9	100.36	113.74	12936.8	443.221	66.0607	4364.01	47.6793	2273.32
Oct'11	478.1	93.19	100.94	10188.9	420.9	43.7405	1913.23	57.1995	3271.79
Sep'11	473.6	79.2	96.44	9300.67	377.35	0.1896	0.03595	96.2504	9264.14
Aug'11	456.8	88.81	79.64	6342.53	407.266	30.1055	906.343	49.5345	2453.66
July'11	461.2	95.7	84.04	7062.72	428.714	51.5541	2657.83	32.4859	1055.33
June'11	454.3	95.42	77.14	5950.58	427.842	50.6825	2568.71	26.4575	700.001
May'11	455.1	102.7	77.94	6074.64	450.505	73.3451	5379.5	4.5949	21.1131
Apr'11	441.1	113.93	63.94	4088.32	485.464	108.304	11729.8	-44.364	1968.17
Mar'11	380	106.72	2.84	8.0656	463.019	85.8594	7371.83	-83.019	6892.21
Feb'11	376.9	96.97	-0.26	0.0676	432.668	55.5076	3081.09	-55.768	3110.03
Jan'11	374.8	92.19	-2.36	5.5696	417.787	40.6275	1650.59	-42.987	1847.92
Dec'10	372.5	91.38	-4.66	21.7156	415.266	38.1059	1452.06	-42.766	1828.93
Nov'10	365.2	84.11	-11.96	143.042	392.634	15.4744	239.458	-27.434	752.648
Oct'10	358.2	81.43	-18.96	359.482	384.292	7.13159	50.8596	-26.092	680.771
Sep'10	353	79.97	-24.16	583.706	379.747	2.58661	6.69055	-26.747	715.381
Aug'10	354.3	71.92	-22.86	522.58	354.687	-22.473	505.038	-0.387	0.14974
July'10	350	78.95	-27.16	737.666	376.571	-0.5886	0.34651	-26.571	706.037
June'10	342.4	75.63	-34.76	1208.26	366.236	-10.924	119.33	-23.836	568.164
May'10	340.1	73.97	-37.06	1373.44	361.069	-16.091	258.933	-20.969	439.683
Apr'10	356	86.15	-21.16	447.746	398.985	21.825	476.328	-42.985	1847.71
Mar'10	345.8	83.76	-31.36	983.45	391.545	14.3849	206.925	-45.745	2092.59
Feb'10	328.2	79.66	-48.96	2397.08	378.782	1.62158	2.62952	-50.582	2558.5
Jan'10	332.7	72.89	-44.46	1976.69	357.707	-19.453	378.436	-25.007	625.329

Dec'09	328.7	79.36	-48.46	2348.37	377.848	0.68768	0.4729	-49.148	2415.49
Nov'09	333.5	77.28	-43.66	1906.2	371.373	-5.7874	33.4935	-37.873	1434.34
Oct'09	322.8	77	-54.36	2955.01	370.501	-6.659	44.3423	-47.701	2275.39
Sep'09	317.4	70.61	-59.76	3571.26	350.609	-26.551	704.959	-33.209	1102.83
Aug'09	327.3	69.96	-49.86	2486.02	348.585	-28.575	816.503	-21.285	453.072
July'09	306.3	69.45	-70.86	5021.14	346.998	-30.162	909.755	-40.698	1656.31
June'09	303.6	69.89	-73.56	5411.07	348.368	-28.792	829.004	-44.768	2004.14
May'09	279.7	66.31	-97.46	9498.45	337.223	-39.937	1594.96	-57.523	3308.9
Apr'09	276.4	51.12	- 100.76	10152.6	289.937	-87.223	7607.93	-13.537	183.238
Mar'09	249.4	49.66	- 127.76	16322.6	285.392	-91.768	8421.44	-35.992	1295.39
Feb'09	250.2	44.76	- 126.96	16118.8	270.138	-107.02	11453.7	-19.938	397.519
Jan'09	255.3	41.68	- 121.86	14849.9	260.55	-116.61	13597.9	-5.2498	27.5608
Dec'08	258.1	44.6	- 119.06	14175.3	269.64	-107.52	11560.6	-11.54	133.167
Nov'08	269.6	54.43	- 107.56	11569.2	300.241	-76.919	5916.6	-30.641	938.846
Oct'08	280.3	67.81	-96.86	9381.86	341.893	-35.267	1243.79	-61.593	3793.64
Sep'08	295	100.64	-82.16	6750.27	444.092	66.9323	4479.94	-149.09	22228.5
Aug'08	314	115.46	-63.16	3989.19	490.227	113.067	12784.1	-176.23	31055.9
July'08	355	124.08	-22.16	491.066	517.061	139.901	19572.3	-162.06	26263.8
June'08	371.2	140	-5.96	35.5216	566.62	189.46	35895.1	-195.42	38189
May'08	306.2	127.35	-70.96	5035.32	527.241	150.081	22524.2	-221.04	48858.9
Apr'08	293.7	113.46	-83.46	6965.57	484.001	106.841	11415	-190.3	36214.5
Mar'08	286.6	101.58	-90.56	8201.11	447.019	69.8585	4880.22	-160.42	25734.1
Feb'08	270.1	101.84	- 107.06	11461.8	447.828	70.6679	4993.95	-177.73	31587.2
Jan'08	257	91.75	- 120.16	14438.4	416.418	39.2578	1541.17	-159.42	25414
Dec'07	275.9	95.98	- 101.26	10253.6	429.586	52.4257	2748.46	-153.69	23619.3
Nov'07	274.8	88.71	- 102.36	10477.6	406.954	29.7942	887.696	-132.15	17464.7
Oct'07	252.6	94.53	- 124.56	15515.2	425.072	47.9119	2295.55	-172.47	29746.6
Sep'07	265.4	81.66	- 111.76	12490.3	385.008	7.84758	61.5845	-119.61	14306
Aug'07	256.5	74.04	- 120.66	14558.8	361.287	-15.873	251.967	-104.79	10980.2

July'07	265.2	78.21	- 111.96	12535	374.268	-2.8923	8.36523	-109.07	11895.8
June'07	251.9	70.68	- 125.26	15690.1	350.827	-26.333	693.435	-98.927	9786.52
May'07	246.3	64.01	- 130.86	17124.3	330.063	-47.097	2218.12	-83.763	7016.26
Apr'07	251.4	65.71	- 125.76	15815.6	335.355	-41.805	1747.64	-83.955	7048.48
Mar'07	244.5	65.87	- 132.66	17598.7	335.853	-41.307	1706.24	-91.353	8345.43
Feb'07	235.4	61.79	- 141.76	20095.9	323.152	-54.008	2916.83	-87.752	7700.46
Jan'07	228	58.14	- 149.16	22248.7	311.79	-65.37	4273.26	-83.79	7020.73
Dec'06	265.1	61.05	- 112.06	12557.4	320.849	-56.311	3170.97	-55.749	3107.91
Nov'06	260.9	63.13	- 116.26	13516.4	327.324	-49.836	2483.66	-66.424	4412.11
Oct'06	262.3	58.73	- 114.86	13192.8	313.626	-63.534	4036.51	-51.326	2634.41
Sep'06	243.5	62.91	- 133.66	17865	326.639	-50.521	2552.39	-83.139	6912.07
Aug'06	274	70.26	- 103.16	10642	349.519	-27.641	764.004	-75.519	5703.18
July'06	273.9	74.4	- 103.26	10662.6	362.407	-14.753	217.645	-88.507	7833.52
June'06	258	73.93	- 119.16	14199.1	360.944	-16.216	262.956	-102.94	10597.5
May'06	254.8	71.29	- 122.36	14972	352.726	-24.434	597.032	-97.926	9589.46
Apr'06	252	71.88	- 125.16	15665	354.562	-22.598	510.65	-102.56	10519.1
Mar'06	232.9	66.63	- 144.26	20810.9	338.219	-38.941	1516.39	-105.32	11092.1
Feb'06	228.6	61.41	- 148.56	22070.1	321.969	-55.191	3046.01	-93.369	8717.83
Jan'06	232.7	67.92	- 144.46	20868.7	342.235	-34.925	1219.76	-109.53	11997.9
Dec'05	240.2	61.04	- 136.96	18758	320.818	-56.342	3174.48	-80.618	6499.18
Nov'05	237.1	57.32	- 140.06	19616.8	309.237	-67.923	4613.51	-72.137	5203.77
Oct'05	241.4	59.76	135.76	18430.8	316.833	-60.327	3639.36	-75.433	5690.12
Sep'05	244	66.24	- 133.16	17731.6	337.005	-40.155	1612.41	-93.005	8649.95

			_						
Aug'05	237.1	68.94	140.06	19616.8	345.41	-31.75	1008.05	-108.31	11731.1
			-						
July'05	219.3	60.57	157.86	24919.8	319.354	-57.806	3341.49	-100.05	10010.9
			-						
June'05	208.2	56.5	168.96	28547.5	306.685	-70.476	4966.8	-98.485	9699.2
			-						
May'05	194.2	51.97	182.96	33474.4	292.583	-84.577	7153.33	-98.383	9679.14
			-						
Apr'05	202.3	49.72	174.86	30576	285.578	-91.582	8387.2	-285.58	81555
Sum	49408.1	10362.6		1902495		-14.542	579227		1397633
Average	377.16	79.1							

Appendix Table 5:

Wholesale Price			
Index (Variable	Crude Oil Prices		ln(crude oil
Y)	(\$)(Variable X)	ln(WPI)	price)
310.1	33.75	5.736894826	3.518980417
332.4	33.62	5.806339063	3.515121128
330.1	37.04	5.799395639	3.61199841
351.7	41.65	5.862778539	3.729301369
355.3	46.59	5.872962503	3.841385926
354	45.09	5.869296913	3.808660492
356.1	49.2	5.87521159	3.895893623
398.8	47.12	5.988460038	3.852697539
420.1	59.47	6.040492778	4.085471984
418.9	60.3	6.037632228	4.099332104
390.1	59.63	5.966403117	4.088158803
386.4	47.6	5.956873102	3.862832761
378.5	49.76	5.936216073	3.907211448
383.9	48.24	5.950382102	3.876188552
414	53.27	6.025865974	3.975373321
475.3	66.15	6.163946184	4.191924891
518.6	80.54	6.251132873	4.388753955
552.4	91.16	6.314272422	4.512616204
568	95.96	6.342121419	4.563931438
586.4	98.17	6.374002151	4.58670067
582.6	105.37	6.367500845	4.657477966
582.3	102.71	6.366985779	4.631909483
581.9	99.74	6.366298612	4.6025668
583.6	101.58	6.369215817	4.620846665
590.1	102.59	6.380292014	4.630740462
584.5	97.49	6.370756781	4.579749809
591	98.42	6.381816017	4.589244035
590.5	92.72	6.380969636	4.529584199
596.8	96.38	6.391582049	4.568298711
604.3	102.33	6.404070763	4.628202885
595.7	107.65	6.389737185	4.678885224
547.3	105.03	6.304997098	4.654246024
534.1	96.56	6.280583087	4.570164577
511.6	91.97	6.23754307	4.521462437
513.3	93.46	6.24086047	4.537533537
534.2	97.23	6.280770301	4.577079306

545.9	92.05	6.302435809	4.522331908
536	97.49	6.284134161	4.579749809
526.1	91.82	6.265491309	4.519830139
522.2	88.91	6.258050656	4.487624622
518.3	86.24	6.250554225	4.457134107
531.1	92.19	6.274950327	4.523851665
523.6	96.47	6.260728034	4.569232079
489.7	88.06	6.193792959	4.4780184
476.2	84.96	6.165837934	4.442180557
514.2	86.53	6.242612295	4.460491175
530.4	104.87	6.273631439	4.652721488
531.6	103.02	6.275891327	4.634923144
505.3	107.07	6.225152312	4.673482826
498.5	98.48	6.211603589	4.589853482
495.1	98.83	6.204759762	4.593401202
490.9	100.36	6.196240441	4.608763721
478.1	93.19	6.169819916	4.53464042
473.6	79.2	6.160363084	4.371976299
456.8	88.81	6.124245658	4.486499256
461.2	95.7	6.133831788	4.561218298
454.3	95.42	6.118757773	4.5582882
455.1	102.7	6.120517175	4.631812117
441.1	113.93	6.089271607	4.735584225
380	106.72	5.940171253	4.670208582
376.9	96.97	5.9319799	4.574401652
374.8	92.19	5.92639255	4.523851665
372.5	91.38	5.920237038	4.515026636
365.2	84.11	5.900445149	4.432125466
358.2	81.43	5.88109149	4.399743755
353	79.97	5.866468057	4.381651564
354.3	71.92	5.870144012	4.27555439
350	78.95	5.857933154	4.368814741
342.4	75.63	5.835979644	4.32585303
340.1	73.97	5.829239692	4.303659606
356	86.15	5.874930731	4.456089963
345.8	83.76	5.845860573	4.427955567
328.2	79.66	5.793623179	4.377767578
332.7	72.89	5.807241183	4.288951455
328.7	79.36	5.795145481	4.373994463
333.5	77.28	5.809642865	4.34743519

322.8	77	5.777032936	4.343805422
317.4	70.61	5.760162808	4.257171778
327.3	69.96	5.790877182	4.24792365
306.3	69.45	5.724565014	4.240607069
303.6	69.89	5.715711046	4.246922577
279.7	66.31	5.6337176	4.194340715
276.4	51.12	5.621849092	3.93417581
249.4	49.66	5.519058033	3.90519978
250.2	44.76	5.522260598	3.801314883
255.3	41.68	5.542439324	3.730021397
258.1	44.6	5.553347107	3.797733859
269.6	54.43	5.596939379	3.996915472
280.3	67.81	5.635860458	4.216709677
295	100.64	5.686975356	4.611549793
314	115.46	5.749392986	4.74892415
355	124.08	5.872117789	4.820926519
371.2	140	5.916741001	4.941642423
306.2	127.35	5.724238483	4.846939201
293.7	113.46	5.682558838	4.731450352
286.6	101.58	5.658087515	4.620846665
270.1	101.84	5.598792261	4.623402954
257	91.75	5.549076085	4.519067487
275.9	95.98	5.620038481	4.564139836
274.8	88.71	5.61604356	4.485372623
252.6	94.53	5.53180721	4.548917244
265.4	81.66	5.581238122	4.402564286
256.5	74.04	5.547128665	4.304605488
265.2	78.21	5.580484258	4.359397517
251.9	70.68	5.529032183	4.258162647
246.3	64.01	5.506550305	4.159039321
251.4	65.71	5.527045296	4.185251121
244.5	65.87	5.499215309	4.187683103
235.4	61.79	5.461286195	4.123741539
228	58.14	5.429345629	4.062853895
265.1	61.05	5.580107113	4.111693201
260.9	63.13	5.564137192	4.145196092
262.3	58.73	5.569488887	4.07295067
243.5	62.91	5.495116943	4.141705134
274	70.26	5.613128106	4.252202647
273.9	74.4	5.612763076	4.309455942

			_
258	73.93	5.552959585	4.3031187
254.8	71.29	5.540478924	4.266756065
252	71.88	5.529429088	4.274998062
232.9	66.63	5.450609177	4.199154927
228.6	61.41	5.431973751	4.117572688
232.7	67.92	5.44975007	4.218330542
240.2	61.04	5.48147191	4.111529387
237.1	57.32	5.468481993	4.048649603
241.4	59.76	5.486455309	4.090336541
244	66.24	5.497168225	4.19328451
237.1	68.94	5.468481993	4.233236561
219.3	60.57	5.390440655	4.103799721
208.2	56.5	5.338499156	4.034240638
194.2	51.97	5.268888556	3.950666629
202.3	49.72	5.309751744	3.906407267

Appendix Table 6:

		Quarterly India GDP growth Y	Quarterly India Inflation Rate X	XY	X Square	Y Square
2010	01	7.5	9.56	71.7	91.3936	56.25
	Q2	9.8	10.54	103.292	111.0916	96.04
	Q3	7.4	9.28	68.672	86.1184	54.76
	Q4	8.6	8.91	76.626	79.3881	73.96
2011	Q1	8.5	9.56	81.26	91.3936	72.25
	Q2	7.6	9.6	72.96	92.16	57.76
	Q3	8.2	9.71	79.622	94.2841	67.24
	Q4	9.2	9.02	82.984	81.3604	84.64
2012	Q1	8	7.49	59.92	56.1001	64
	Q2	6.7	7.54	50.518	56.8516	44.89
	Q3	6.1	7.5	45.75	56.25	37.21
	Q4	5.3	7.33	38.849	53.7289	28.09
2013	Q1	4.6	6.75	31.05	45.5625	21.16
	Q2	7	4.84	33.88	23.4256	49
	Q3	7.5	6.14	46.05	37.6996	56.25
	Q4	6.3	7.05	44.415	49.7025	39.69
2014	Q1	6.7	5.38	36.046	28.9444	44.89
	Q2	6.7	5.8	38.86	33.64	44.89
	Q3	8.4	3.84	32.256	14.7456	70.56
Sum		140.1	145.84	1094.71	1183.84	1063.53
Average		7.37368	7.675789	57.616	62.3074	55.975

[Source: WPI based Inflation Rates: www.theteamwork.com/articles/2016-2101-indian-government-current-monthly-annual-inflation-rate.html

GDP Growth Rate: www.portal.indiainfoline.com/datamonitor/Others/Ministry-Of-Finance-Government-of-India/Quarterly-Growth-Rate-in-GDP.aspx

www.ieconomics.com/india-gdp-annual-growth-rate]

Appendix Table 7:

		Quarterly India GDP growth	Quarterly India Inflation Rate	XY	X Square	xt = (Xt - X)	xt = (Xt - X) squared	yt = (Yt - Y)	xt*vt
		Ϋ́Υ	X		1	/			v
2010	Q1	7.5	9.56	71.7	91.3936	1.88	3.5344	0.13	0.2444
	Q2	9.8	10.54	103.292	111.0916	2.86	8.1796	2.43	6.9498
	Q3	7.4	9.28	68.672	86.1184	1.6	2.56	0.03	0.048
	Q4	8.6	8.91	76.626	79.3881	1.23	1.5129	1.23	1.5129
2011	Q1	8.5	9.56	81.26	91.3936	1.88	3.5344	1.13	2.1244
	Q2	7.6	9.6	72.96	92.16	1.92	3.6864	0.23	0.4416
	Q3	8.2	9.71	79.622	94.2841	2.03	4.1209	0.83	1.6849
	Q4	9.2	9.02	82.984	81.3604	1.34	1.7956	1.83	2.4522
2012	Q1	8	7.49	59.92	56.1001	-0.19	0.0361	0.63	-0.1197
	Q2	6.7	7.54	50.518	56.8516	-0.14	0.0196	-0.67	0.0938
	Q3	6.1	7.5	45.75	56.25	-0.18	0.0324	-1.27	0.2286
	Q4	5.3	7.33	38.849	53.7289	-0.35	0.1225	-2.07	0.7245
2013	Q1	4.6	6.75	31.05	45.5625	-0.93	0.8649	-2.77	2.5761
	Q2	7	4.84	33.88	23.4256	-2.84	8.0656	-0.37	1.0508
	Q3	7.5	6.14	46.05	37.6996	-1.54	2.3716	0.13	-0.2002
	Q4	6.3	7.05	44.415	49.7025	-0.63	0.3969	-1.07	0.6741
2014	Q1	6.7	5.38	36.046	28.9444	-2.3	5.29	-0.67	1.541
	Q2	6.7	5.8	38.86	33.64	-1.88	3.5344	-0.67	1.2596
	Q3	8.4	3.84	32.256	14.7456	-3.84	14.7456	1.03	-3.9552
Sum		140.1	145.84	1094.71	1183.84		64.4038		19.3316
Average		7.37	7.68	57.62	62.31				

Appendix Table 8:

		Quarterly India GDP growth	Quarterly India Inflation Rate	Yt^	(Y - Yt^)	(xt = (Xt - X)	xt = (Xt - X) squared
	<u></u>	Y	X		0.407	0.1000.00	1.00	
2010	Q1	7.5	9.56	7.937	-0.437	0.190969	1.88	3.5344
	Q2	9.8	10.54	8.231	1.569	2.461761	2.86	8.1796
	Q3	7.4	9.28	7.853	-0.453	0.205209	1.6	2.56
	Q4	8.6	8.91	7.742	0.858	0.736164	1.23	1.5129
2011	Q1	8.5	9.56	7.937	0.563	0.316969	1.88	3.5344
	Q2	7.6	9.6	7.949	-0.349	0.121801	1.92	3.6864
	Q3	8.2	9.71	7.982	0.218	0.047524	2.03	4.1209
	Q4	9.2	9.02	7.775	1.425	2.030625	1.34	1.7956
2012	Q1	8	7.49	7.316	0.684	0.467856	-0.19	0.0361
	Q2	6.7	7.54	7.331	-0.631	0.398161	-0.14	0.0196
	Q3	6.1	7.5	7.319	-1.219	1.485961	-0.18	0.0324
	Q4	5.3	7.33	7.268	-1.968	3.873024	-0.35	0.1225
2013	Q1	4.6	6.75	7.094	-2.494	6.220036	-0.93	0.8649
	Q2	7	4.84	6.521	0.479	0.229441	-2.84	8.0656
	Q3	7.5	6.14	6.911	0.589	0.346921	-1.54	2.3716
	Q4	6.3	7.05	7.184	-0.884	0.781456	-0.63	0.3969
2014	Q1	6.7	5.38	6.683	0.017	0.000289	-2.3	5.29
	Q2	6.7	5.8	6.809	-0.109	0.011881	-1.88	3.5344
	03	8.4	3.84	6.221	2.179	4.748041	-3.84	14.7456
Sum		140.1	145.84			24.674		64.4038
Average		7.37	7.68					

Appendix Table 9:

		Quarterly India GDP growth Y	Quarterly India Inflation Rate X	ln (GDP growth rate)	ln (inflation rate)
2010	Q1	7.5	9.56	2.014903	2.2575877
	Q2	9.8	10.54	2.2823824	2.3551775
	Q3	7.4	9.28	2.00148	2.2278615
	Q4	8.6	8.91	2.1517622	2.1871742
2011	Q1	8.5	9.56	2.1400662	2.2575877
	Q2	7.6	9.6	2.0281482	2.2617631
	Q3	8.2	9.71	2.1041342	2.2731563
	Q4	9.2	9.02	2.2192035	2.1994443
2012	Q1	8	7.49	2.0794415	2.0135688
	Q2	6.7	7.54	1.9021075	2.0202222
	Q3	6.1	7.5	1.8082888	2.014903
	Q4	5.3	7.33	1.6677068	1.9919755
2013	Q1	4.6	6.75	1.5260563	1.9095425
	Q2	7	4.84	1.9459101	1.5769147
	Q3	7.5	6.14	2.014903	1.8148247
	Q4	6.3	7.05	1.8405496	1.9530276
2014	Q1	6.7	5.38	1.9021075	1.6826884
	Q2	6.7	5.8	1.9021075	1.7578579
	Q3	8.4	3.84	2.1282317	1.3454724