## ANALYSIS - 2 QUESTION BANK

Question 1- Determine a condition on |x-1| such will assure that:  $|x^2-1| < 1/2$ 

- Question 2- For each of the following functions on R to R, find points of relative extrema, the intervals on which the function is increasing, and those on which it is decreasing:

  (a)  $f(x) = x^2 3x + 5$ (b) g(x) = 3x 9
- Ouestion 3- Let I be an interval and let f: I to R be differentiable on I. Show that if f' is positive on I then f is strictly increasing on I.
- Question 4- Let I be an interval and let f: I to R be differentiable on I. Show that if the derivative f' is Never 0 on I, then either f'(x) > 0 for all x in I or f'(x) < 0 for all x in I.
- Question 5- Let f: R to R, let J be a closed interval in R, and let c is in J. If f2 is the restriction of f to J show that if f has a limit at c then f2 has a limit at c. Show by example that it does

  Not follow that if f2 has a limit at c, then f has a limit at c.
- Question 6- Give an example of a function that is equal to its Taylor series expansion about x = 0For x > 0, but is not equal to this expansion for x < 0.

Question 7- Evaluate the lim (x- Sinx)/ x

Question 8- Show that  $\lim (1/n) - (1/[1+n]) = 0$ .

Question 9- Alternate the terms of the sequences (1 + 1/n) and (-1/n) to obtain the sequence (Xn) given by (2, -1, 3/2, -1/2, 4/3, -1/3, 5/4, -1/4, ...)Determine the values of  $\limsup (Xn)$  and  $\liminf (Xn)$ .

Question 10- Show from the definition that the following is not a Cauchy sequence.

(a) (ln n)

## ANALYSIS - 2 QUESTION BANK

Question 11- Let f(x) := |x| for -1 < x < 2. Calculate L (f; P) and U(f; P) for the following partitions:

(b) P2 := 
$$(-1, -1/2, 0, \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{3}{2}, 2)$$

Question 12- If f is a bounded function on [a, b] such that f(x)=0 except for x in {c1, c2, ....,cn} in [a, b], show that U(f)=L(f)=0.

Question 13- Prove that if f and g are each uniformly continuous on R, then the composite function f o g is uniformly continuous on R.

Question 14- For each of the following functions on R to R, find points of relative extrema, the intervals on which the function is increasing, and those on which it is decreasing:

(a) 
$$f(x) = x^2 - 3x + 5$$

(b) 
$$g(x) = 3x - 4x^2$$

Question 15- Suppose that f: [0, 2] to R is continuous on [0, 2] and differentiable on (0, 2), and that F(0)=0, f(1)=1, f(2)=1

- (a) Show that there exists c1 in (0,1) such that f'(c1)=1
- (b) Show that there exists c2 in (1,2) such that f'(c2)=0.
- (c) Show that there exists c in (0,2) such that f'(c) = 1/3