# **COURSE: B.COM (HONS.)**

## **SEMESTER: VI**

### PAPER: INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS

### **ASSIGNMENT QUESTIONS**

- 1) Explain the concept of Globalisation. What are the elements and drivers of globalisation?
- 2) What are the complexities involved in international business? Compare and contrast it with domestic business.
- 3) What is Balance of Payment (BOP) Account. List out the various constituents of BOP.
- 4) Enumerate the different modes of entry into the international business.
- 5) Critically analyse the various commercial policy instruments (trade barriers) used by the government to regulate foreign trade.
- 6) Explain Porter's theory of national competitive advantage as a theory of International Trade.

#### **INTERNAL TEST QUESTIONS**

- Q1. What do you understand by international business? Enumerate the factors that have led to the growth of international business in past few decades.
- Q2.A global business firm operates in an environment which is complex and multidimensional. Explain the salient features and different elements of international business environment.
- Q3. Analyse the theory of National Competitive Advantage of international trade in detail. What criticisms are levelled against it.
- Q4. Economic Integration is achieved after passing through different stages. Analyse the statement giving suitable examples.
- Q5. Write Short notes on the following:

- i. Leontief Paradox
- ii. Fixed and floating exchange rate system.
- iii. Foreign exchange exposure
- iv. Types of FDI

#### **MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS**

- 1. The first phase of globalization started around 1870 and ended with
  - a. World war I
  - b. World war II
  - c. The Establishment of GATT
  - d. In 1913 when GDP was High

Ans: (A)

- 2. IBRD (international bank for reconstruction and development) also known as
  - a. Exim Bank
  - b. World Bank
  - c. International monetary fund
  - d. International bank

Ans: (B)

- - a. GATS,WTO
  - b. WTO,GATT
  - c. GATT, WTO
  - d. IMF, GATT

Ans: (C)

- 4. Which is the right sequence of stages of internationalization
  - a. Domestic, Transnational, Global, international, Multinational
  - b. Domestic, International, Multinational, Global, Transnational
  - c. Domestic, Multinational, international, transnational, Global
  - d. Domestic, International, Transnational, Multinational, Global

Ans: (B)

- 5. According to this theory, the holding of a country's treasure primarily in the form of gold constituted its wealth,
  - a. Gold Theory
  - b. Ricardo Theory
  - c. Mercantilism
  - d. Hecksher Theory

6.	The Theory of Absolute cost advantage is given by  a. David Richardo  b. Adam Smith  c. F W Taylor  d. Ohlin and Heckscher
	Ans: (B)
7.	Globalization Refers to  a. Lower incomes worldwide  b. Less foreign trade and investment  c. Global Warming and their effects  d. A more integrated and interdependent world
	Ans: (D)
8.	Which of the following is not a force in the porter five factor model?  a. Buyers  b. Suppliers  c. Complementary products  d. Industry rivalry
	Ans: (C)
9.	Comparative cost trade theory is given by  a. Adam Smith  b. David Ricardo  c. Gottfried Haberler  d. Heckscher Ohlin
	Ans: (B)
10.	a. Global b. International c. Transnational d. Multinational
	Ans: (C)
11.	is only a legal agreement and it is not an institution, butis a permanent institution.  a. GATT, WTO  b. WTO, GATT  c. WTO, IMF

Ans: (C)

## d. IMF, GATT

Ans: (A)

- - a. License
  - b. Foreign investment
  - c. Sales
  - d. Exports

Ans: (A)

- 13. .....is the payment method most often used in international trade which offers the exporter best assurance of being paid for the products sold internationally
  - a. Bill of Lading
  - b. Letter of Credit
  - c. Open Account
  - d. Drafts

Ans: (B)

- 14. NAFTA Stands for
  - a. North African trade association
  - b. North American Free Trade Agreement
  - c. Northern Atlantic Trade Agreement
  - d. Northern Association for trade

Ans: (B)