COURSE: B.COM (H) SEMESTER: VI PAPER: AUDITING AND CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Assignment 1

Ques1: Explain Models of CSR (Carroll Model and Stakeholder model)

Ques2: Write a short note on:

- ISO 26000
- Triple Bottom Line

Ques3: Explain following scams in detail:

- Enron Scam
- Satyam Scam
- World com
- Maxwell Communication

Assignment 2

Ques1: Difference between Vouching and Verification.

Ques2: Explain types of Auditing

Ques3: Difference between Internal Control and Internal Check

Ques4: Explain Qualification, Appointment, Remuneration and Removal of Auditors.

Internal Assessment

Auditing and Corporate Governance Internal (Set1)

Max Marks: 40 Duration: 50 mins

Do any 4 questions

Ques1: Define Insider trading. Why is it considered illegal?

Ques2: Explain Class Action suits

Ques3: Explain Agency theory versus Stakeholders theory

Ques4: Explain Teleological and Deontological theory with examples.

Ques5: Explain any 2 models of corporate Governance

Ques6: Explain nomination committee, Remuneration committee, and Audit Committee.

Auditing and Corporate Governance Internal (Set2)

Max Marks: 40 Duration: 50 mins

Ques1: Write a short note on Whistle Blowing and Ethics Committee.

Ques2: Explain terms: Corporate sustainability, Corporate Social Responsibility, Corporate

Philanthropy.

Ques3:Explain EDP audit.

Ques4:Explain Civil and Criminal liabilities of Auditor.

Ques5:Explain different types of Errors and Frauds?

Ques6:Explain concept of Triple Bottom Line

Multiple Choice Questions

Auditing and Corporate Governance- BCH(VI semester)

- 1. -----is a systematic examination of books and records of business.
 - a) Auditing
 - b) Verification
 - c) Vouching
 - d) Checking

Answer: a

- 2. Which of the following is not a kind of audit?
 - a) Statutory Audit
 - b) Cost Audit
 - c) Management audit
 - d) None

Answer: d

- 3. This kind of audit is generally done between two annual audits
 - a) Interim audit
 - b) Internal audit
 - c) Management audit
 - d) Government audit

Answer: a

- 4. Vouchers relates to
 - a) Cash receipts
 - b) Cash payments
 - c) Credit transactions
 - d) All of the above

Answer: d

- 5. The audit that is mandatory under statute is called
 - a) Partial audit
 - b) Complete audit
 - c) Statutory audit
 - d) Continuous audit

Answer: c

- 6. An independent director is the one who:
 - a) Does not have outside relations with the other directors

b)	Does not attend school supported by company
c)	Does not have any relationship with the company ther than his or her directorship
d)	All of the above
Answe	er: d
7. Whi	ich of the following is the biggest US scam?
	World com
b)	Enron
c)	Satyam
d)	Vivendi
Answe	er: b
8. Whi	ich of the following is not the model of corporate governance?
	Indian Model
b)	German model
c)	Japanese Model
	UK model
Answe	er: d
9. Whi	ich of the following business ethic approach relates to values and vice of a person?
	Deontological approach
•	Teleological approach
-	Virtues approach
-	Justice approach
Answe	er: c
10. WI	hich of the following ethical theory is based on categorical imperative principle
	Justice theory
b)	Right Theory
-	Kant's theory
•	Utilitarian Theory
Answe	
11. WI	hat is meant by teleological theory?
	It is used to judge whether action is right, honest and fair
-	An action is only judged by its consequences
•	Developing an individual personal character
-	The key purpose of ethics is to increase freedom
Answe	

12._____ is an essence of auditing

- a) Vouching
- b) Verification
- c) Correction
- d) Accounting

Answer: a